



# Strangeness Prospects with the CBM Experiment

Volker Friese  
GSI Darmstadt  
on behalf of the CBM Collaboration

JOINT INSTITUTE FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH  
**Strangeness in Quark Matter**

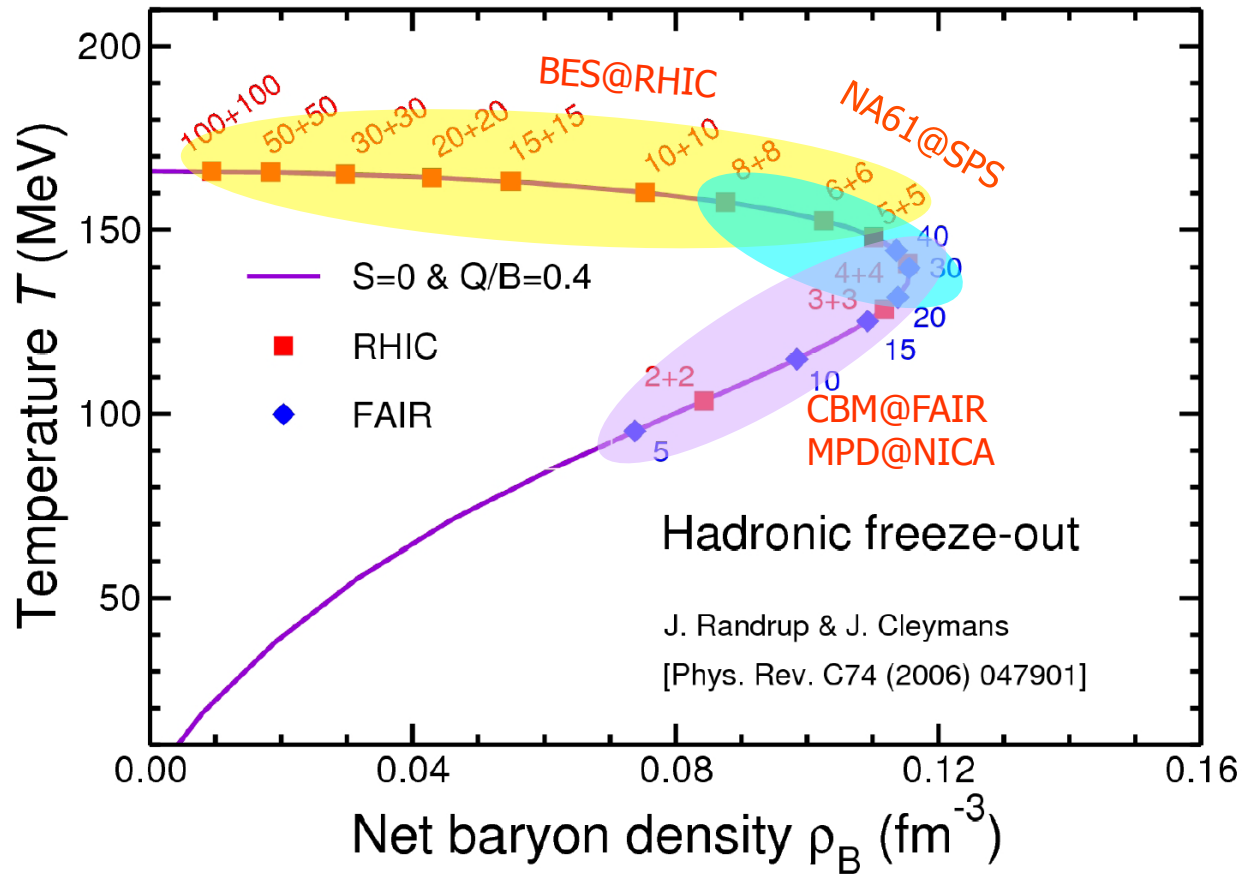
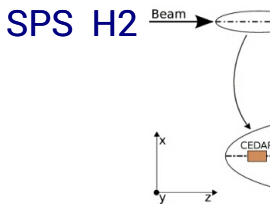
06 July - 11 July 2015



# Exploring Dense Matter: Landscape



NA61/SH



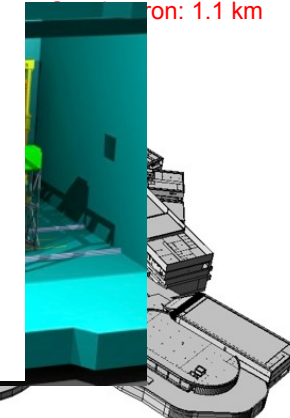
Accelerator complex LHEP

existing  
In preparation

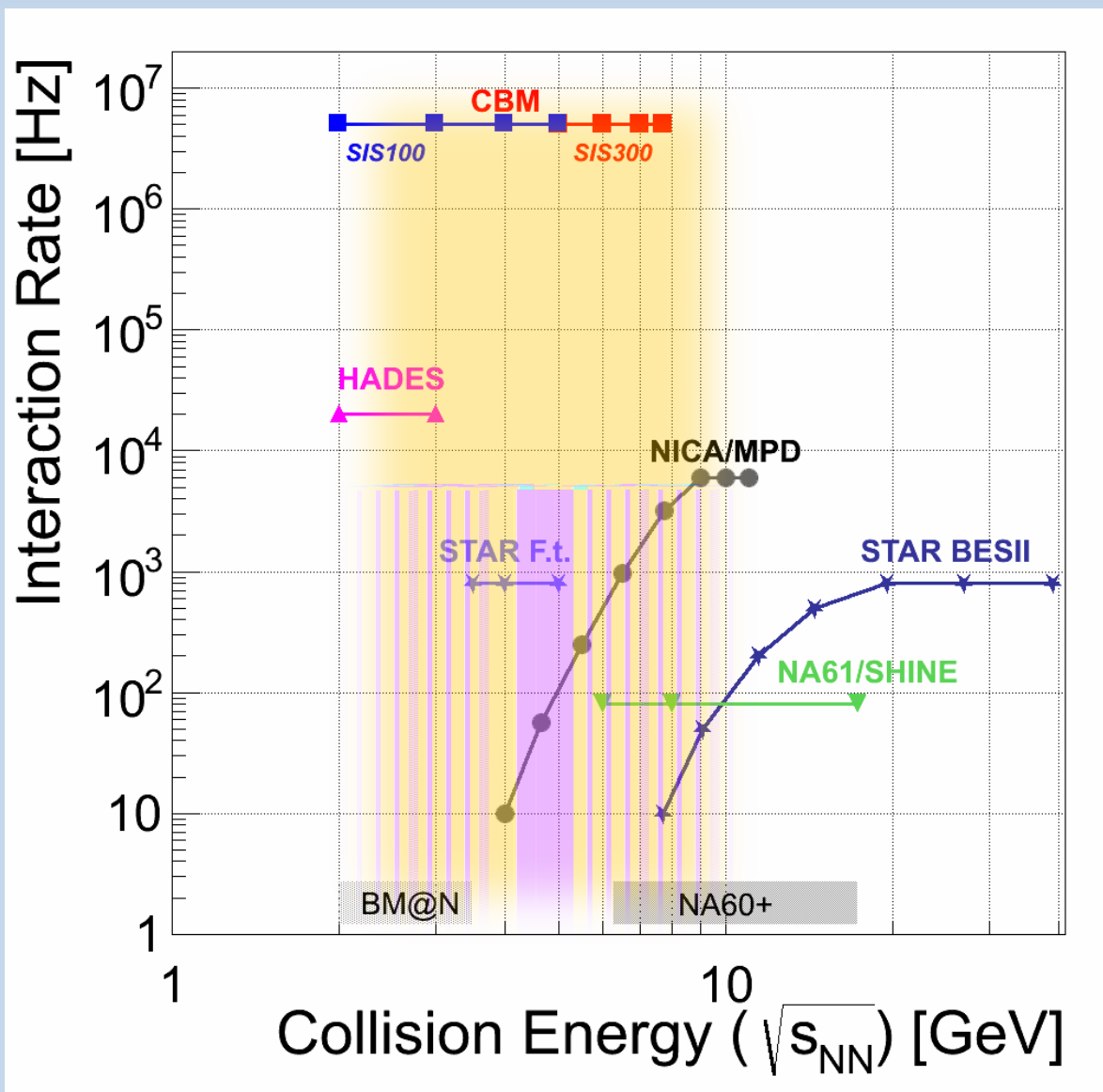
PS and LU-20 (5MeV/u)  
KRION-6T+HILac (3MeV/u)

ZDC  
ECT  
Cryostat  
MultiPurpose Detector - MPD

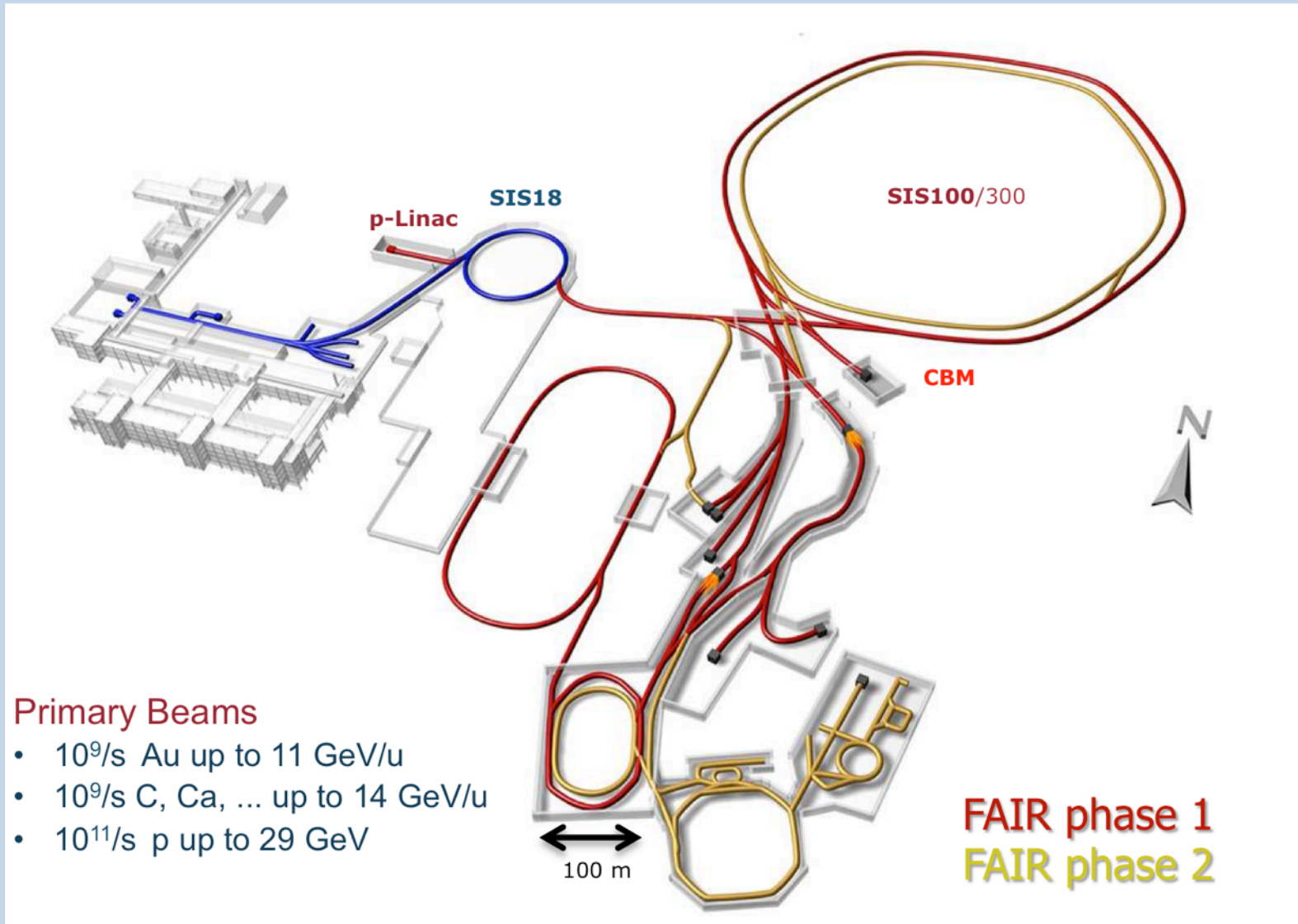
Beamline:  $\Sigma$  3.2 km  
of which:  
on: 1.1 km



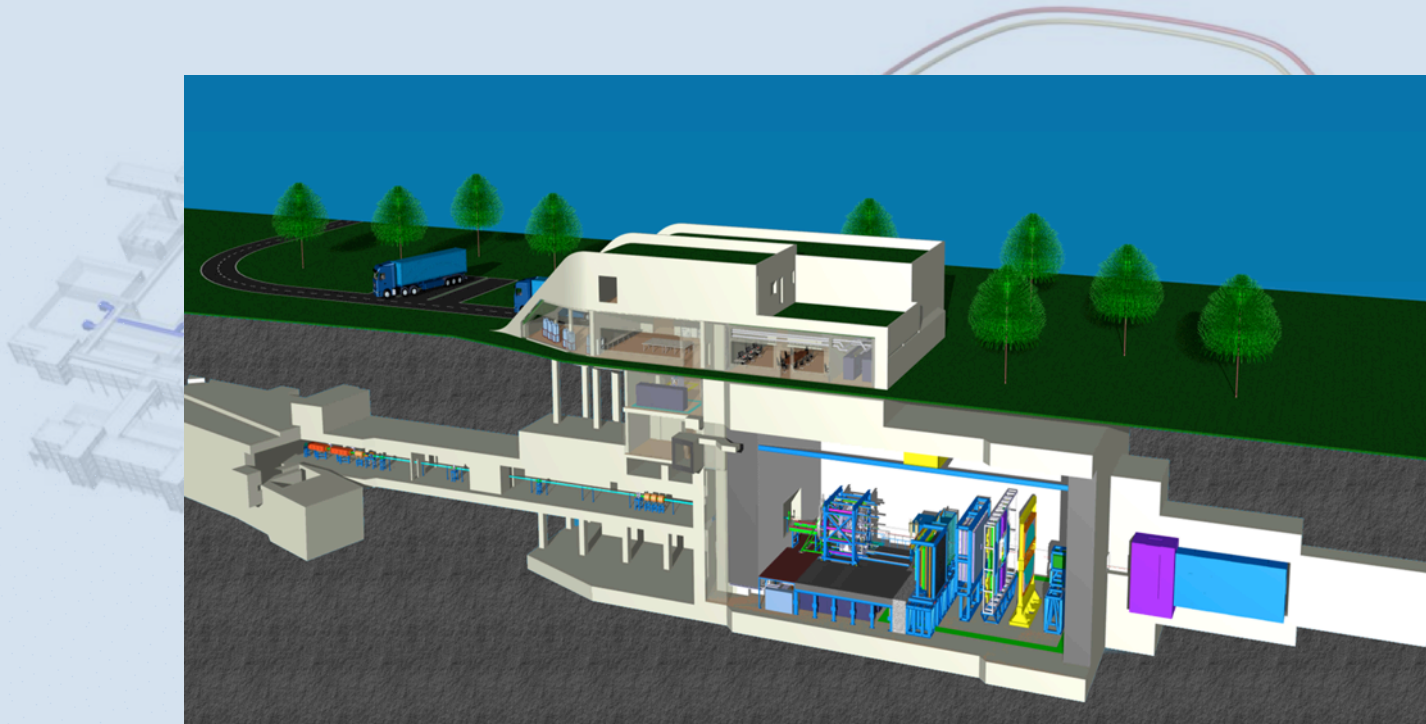
# The CBM Punchline: High Rates



# FAIR Accelerator Complex



# FAIR Accelerator Complex and CBM



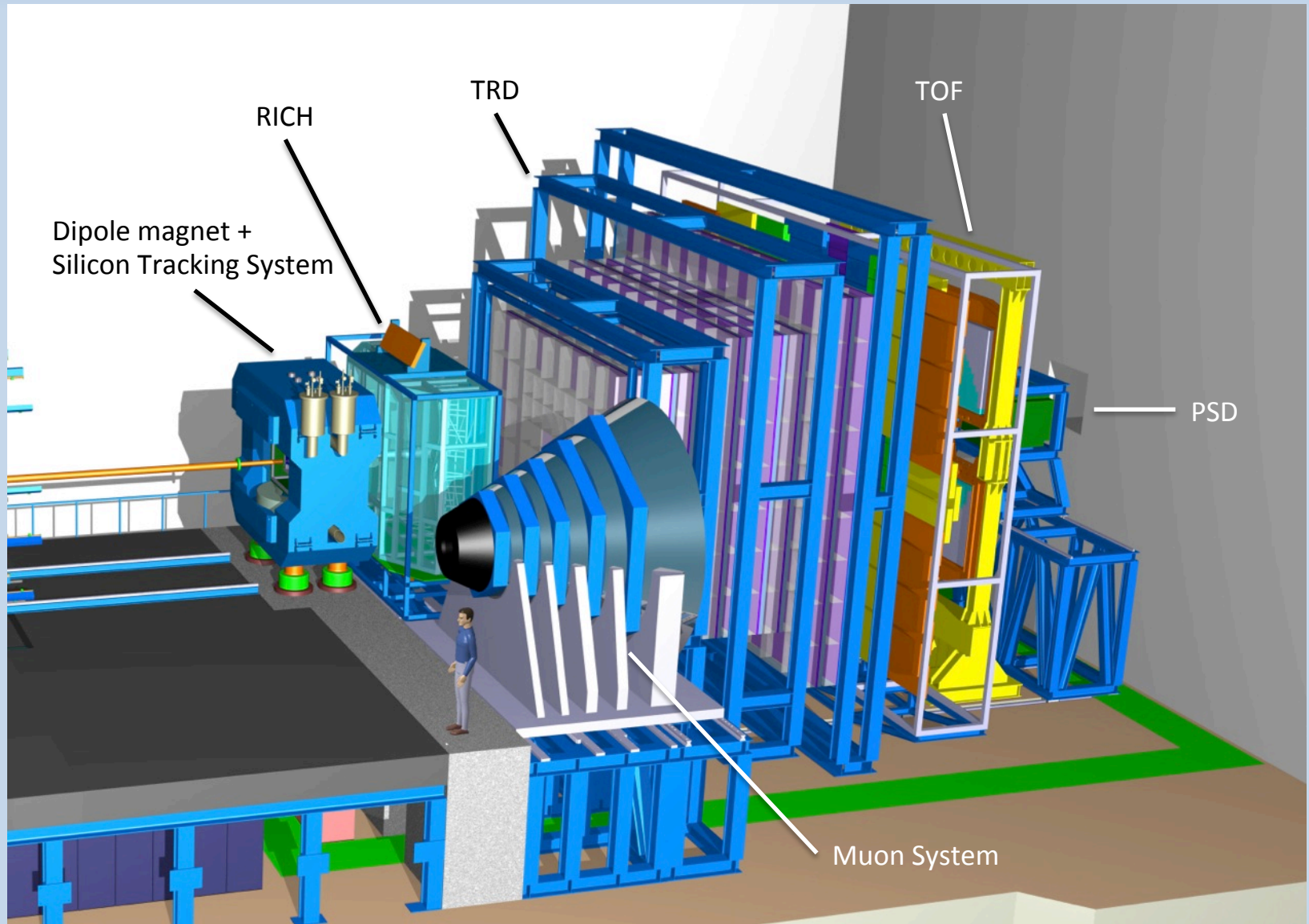
## Primary Beams

- $10^9/s$  Au up to 11 GeV/u
- $10^9/s$  C, Ca, ... up to 14 GeV/u
- $10^{11}/s$  p up to 29 GeV

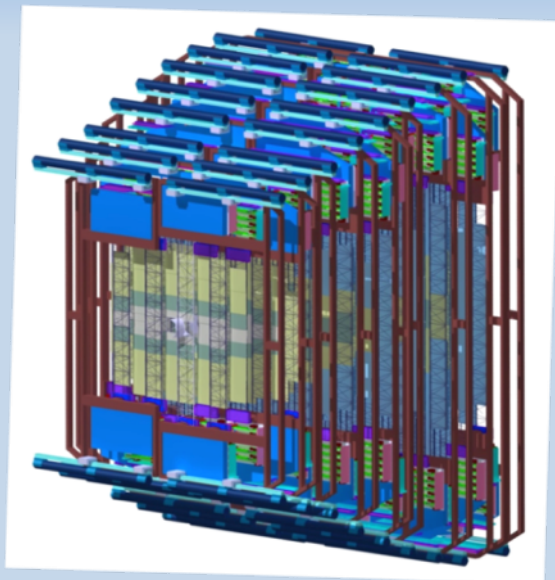


FAIR phase 1  
FAIR phase 2

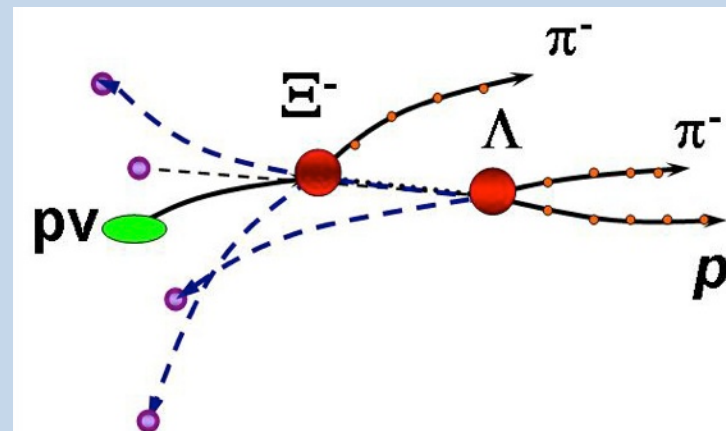
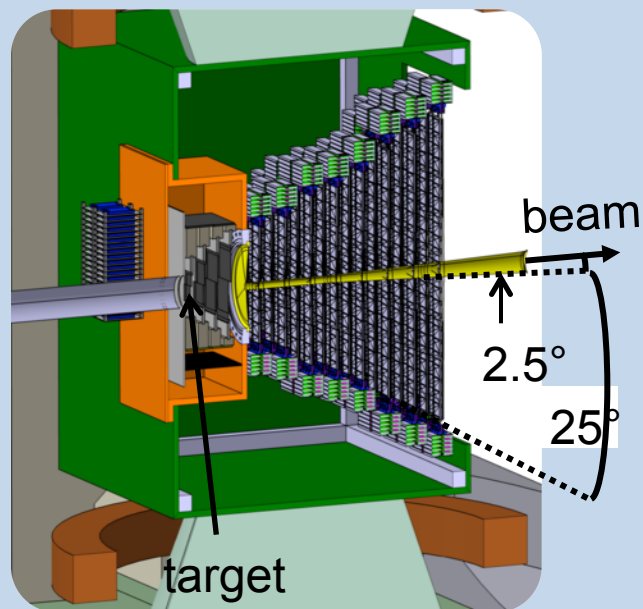
# CBM: Experiment Systems



# The Workhorse: Silicon Tracking System



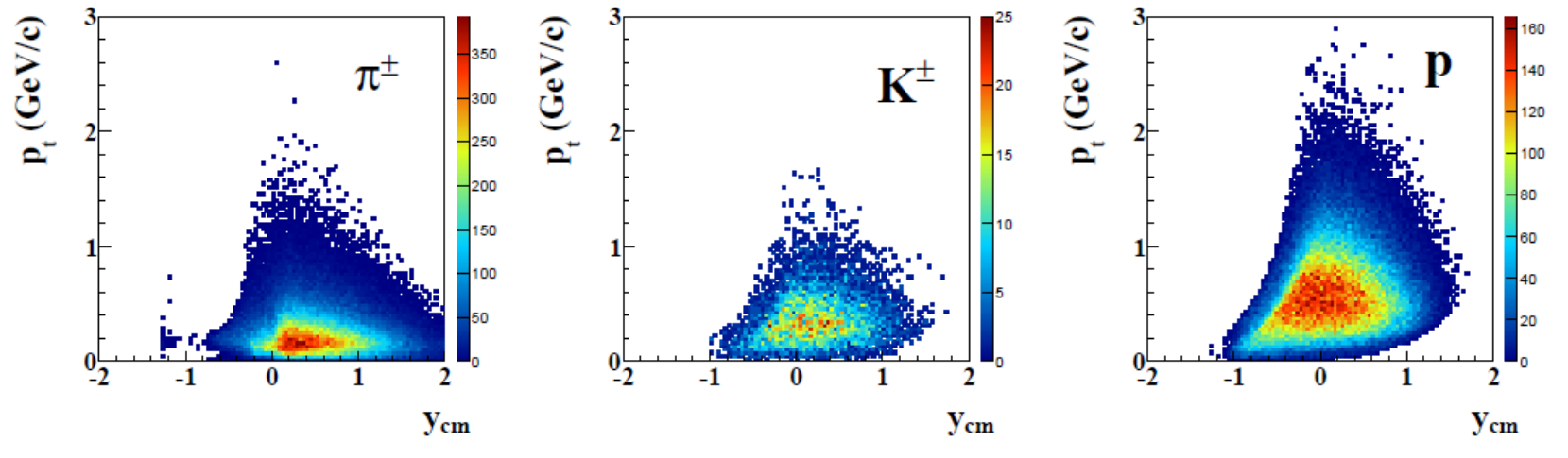
- 8 tracking stations in dipole magnet: between 0.3 m and 1 m from target
- Aperture:  $2.5^\circ < \Theta < 25^\circ$  ( $38^\circ$ )
- Double-sided micro-strip sensors arranged in modules on low-mass, carbon-fiber supported ladders.
- 1,220 sensors ( $4 \text{ m}^2$ ), 1.8 M channels
- Readout electronics at periphery
- Thermal enclosure, sensors at  $-5^\circ \text{C}$
- $\text{CO}_2$  cooling (42 kW power dissipation)



# STS Acceptance...

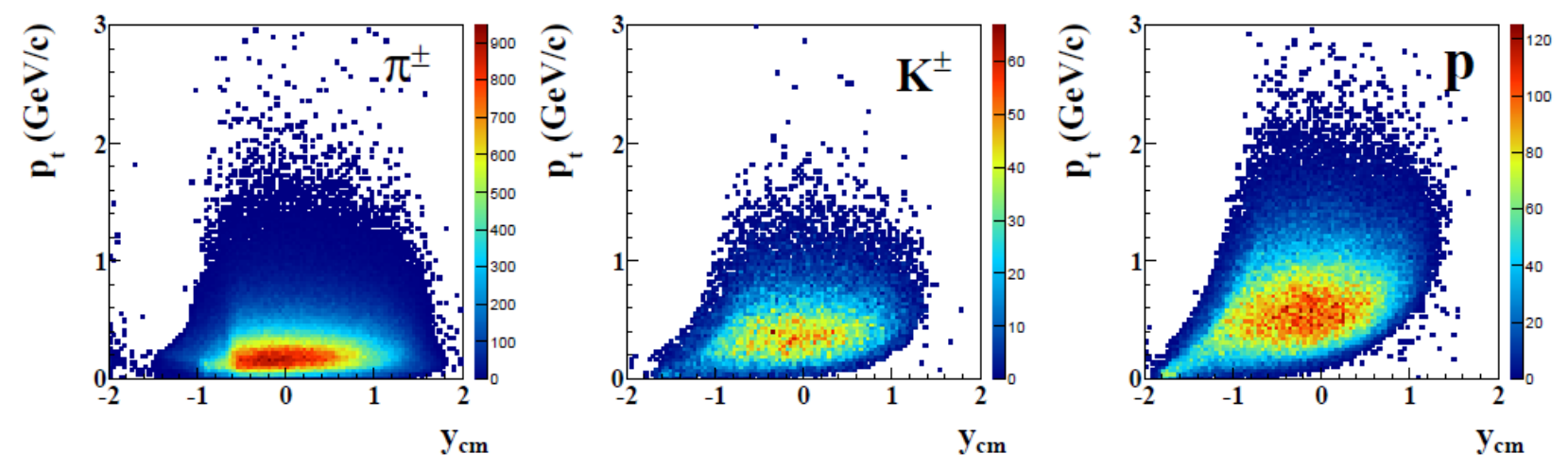
Au+Au 6 AGeV

$y_{\text{beam}} = 1.28$



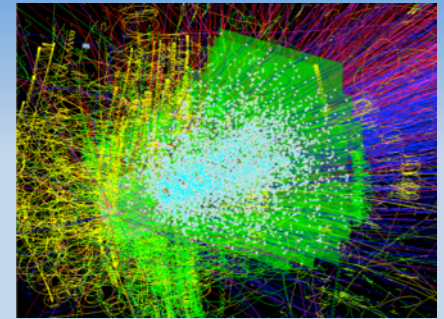
Au+Au 25A GeV

$y_{\text{beam}} = 1.98$

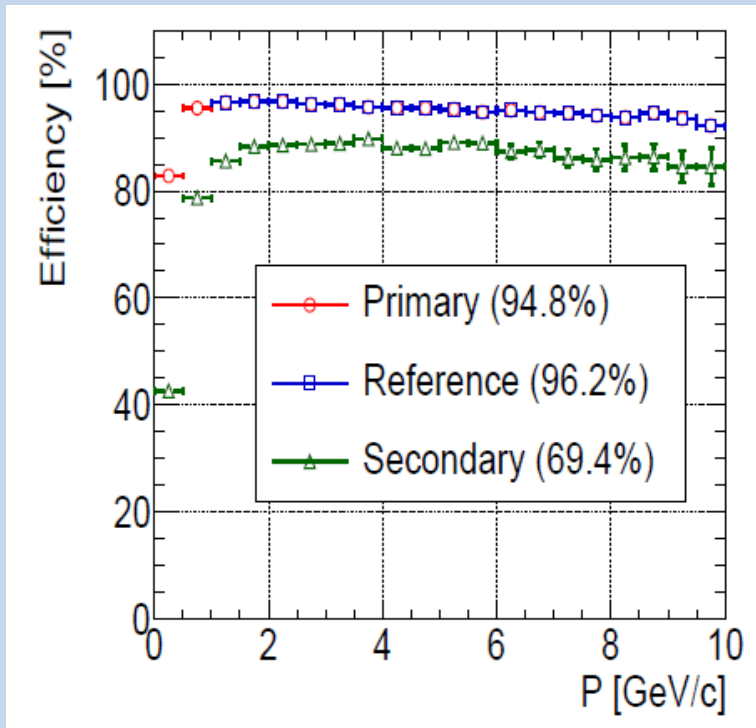




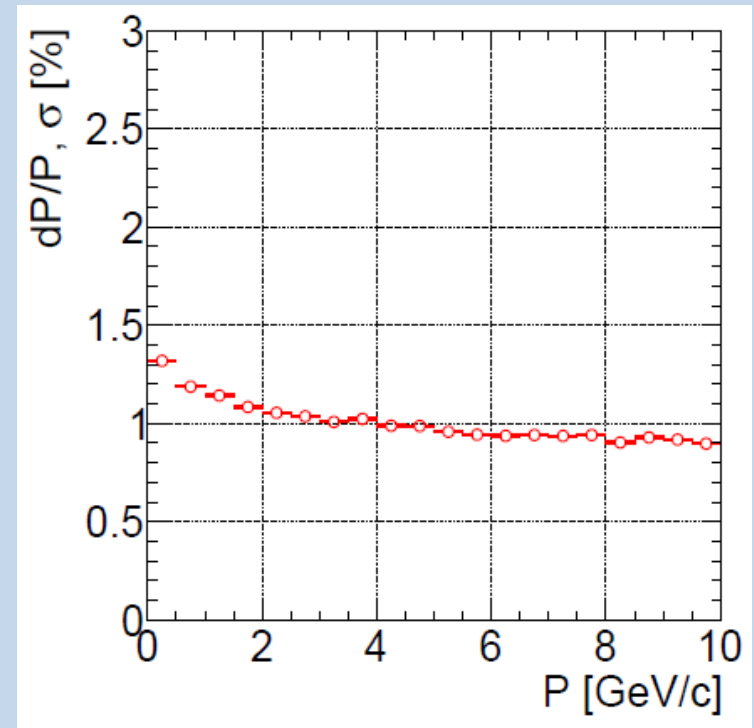
# ... and Performance



Track finding efficiency  
central Au+Au 25A GeV

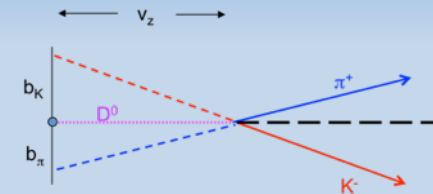
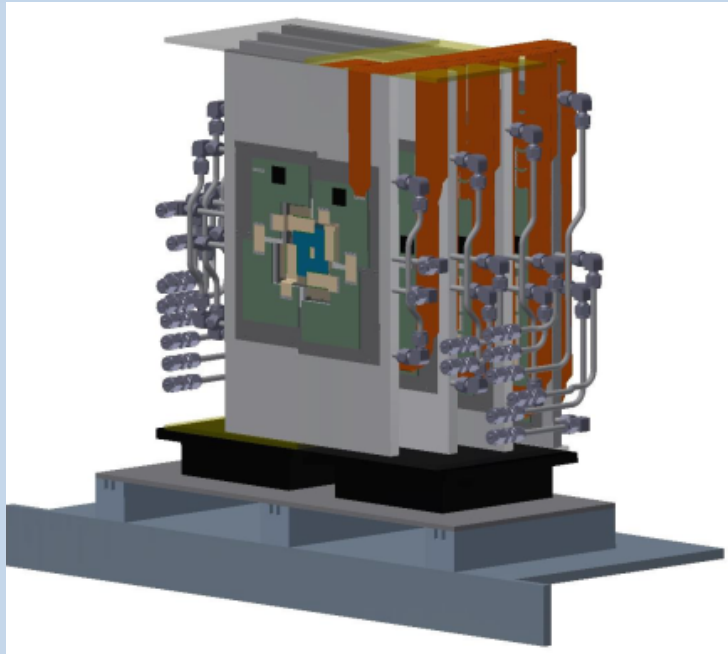


Momentum resolution



Track reconstruction with Cellular Automaton and Kalman Filter

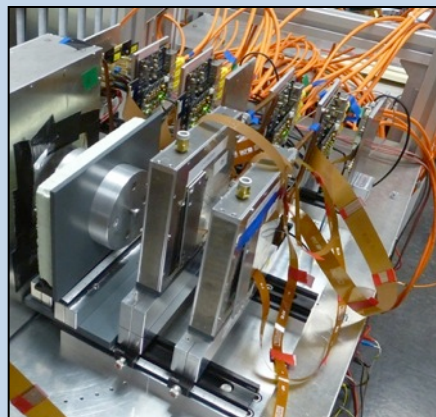
# Precision Vertexing: Micro-Vertex Detector



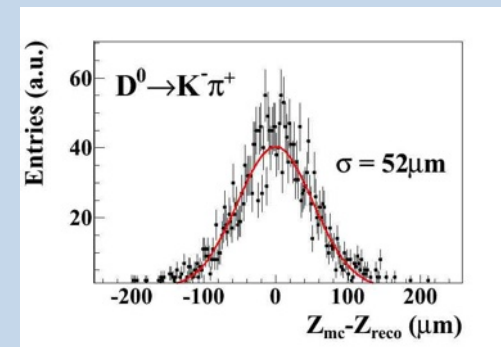
- 4 layers of Monolithic Active Pixel Sensors
- located at  $z = 5 \text{ cm} - 20 \text{ cm}$
- pixel size  $20 \times 20 \mu\text{m}^2$
- resolution  $4 \mu\text{m}$
- low-mass:  $< 0.5 \% X_0$  per layer
- operated in vacuum
- rad. hardness  $10^{13} n_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2 / 3 \text{ MRad}$
- vertex resolution  $\approx 50 \mu\text{m}$  along beam axis



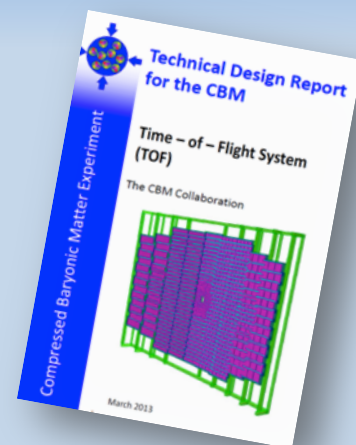
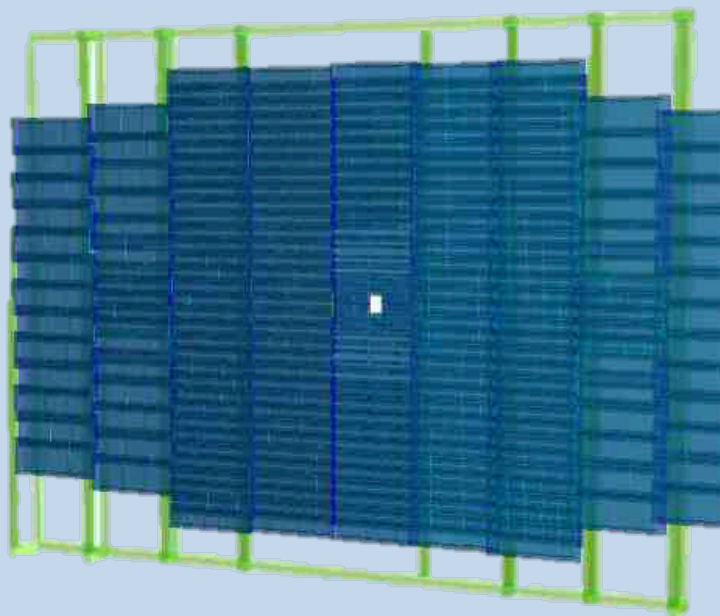
MIMOSA-26



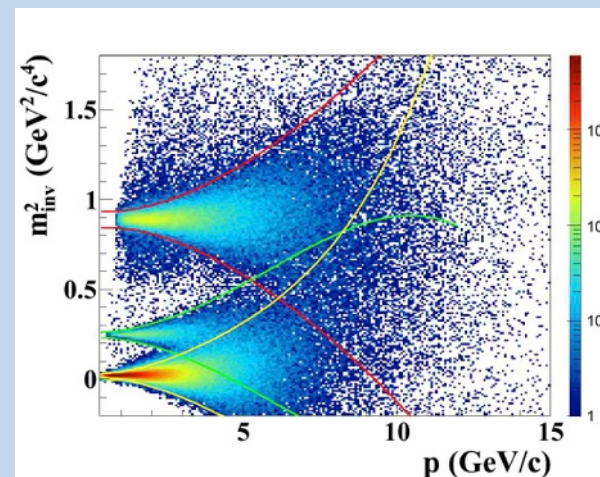
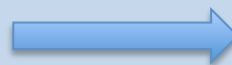
Prototype station



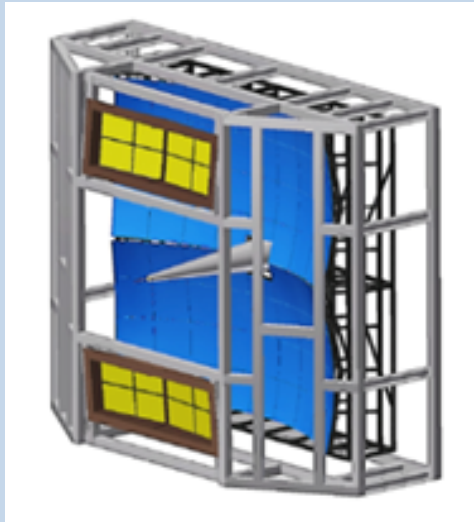
# Hadron ID: Time-of-Flight Detector



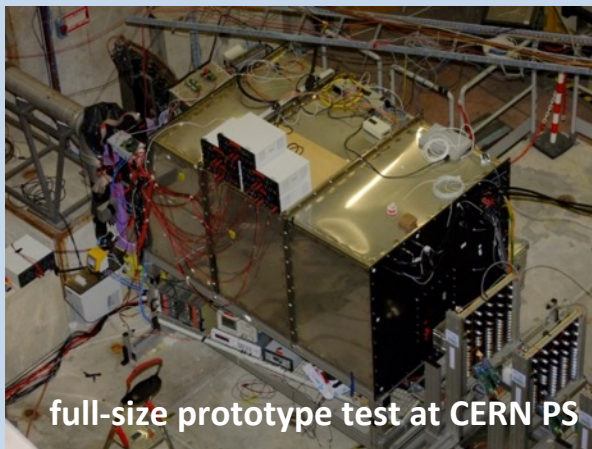
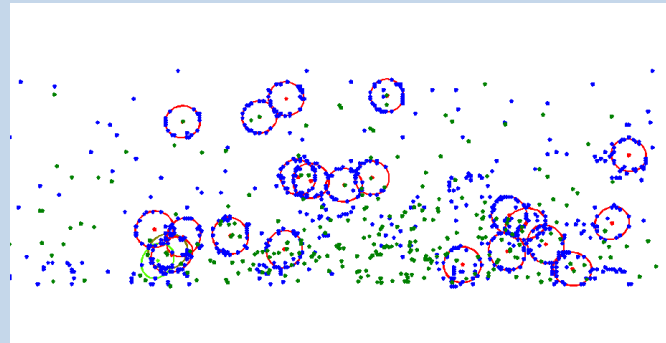
- array of Resistive Plate Chambers (120 m<sup>2</sup>)
- resolution  $\approx 60$  ps
- high rate capability (- 25 kHz/cm<sup>2</sup>)
- located at  $z = 6$  m (10 m) from the target



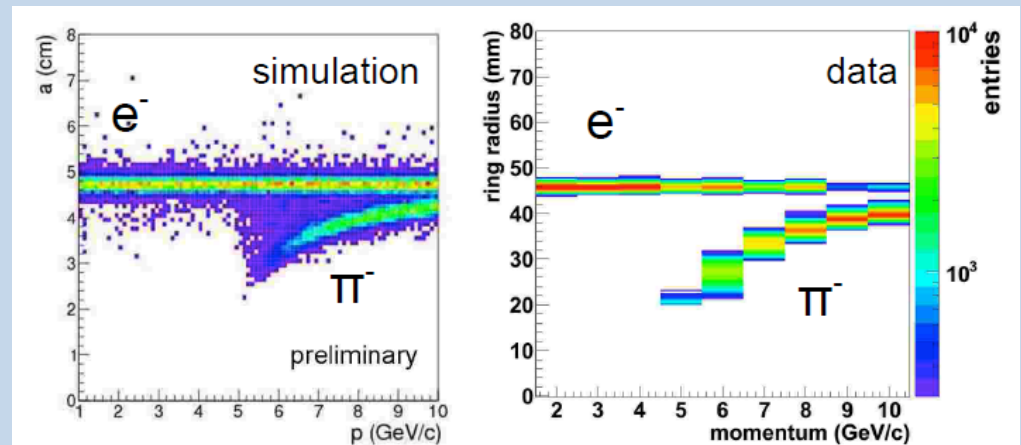
# Electrons Only: Ring-Imaging Cherenkov Detector



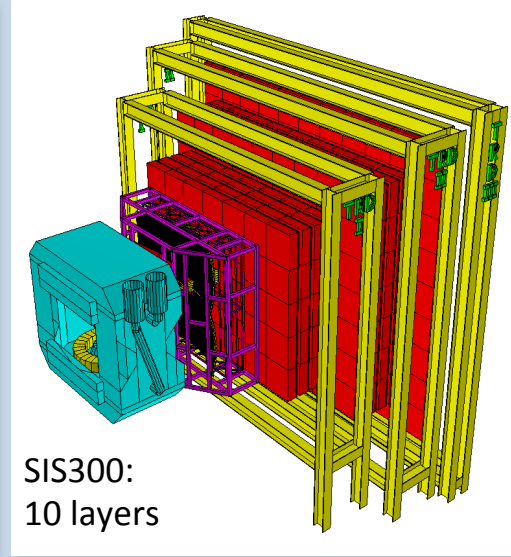
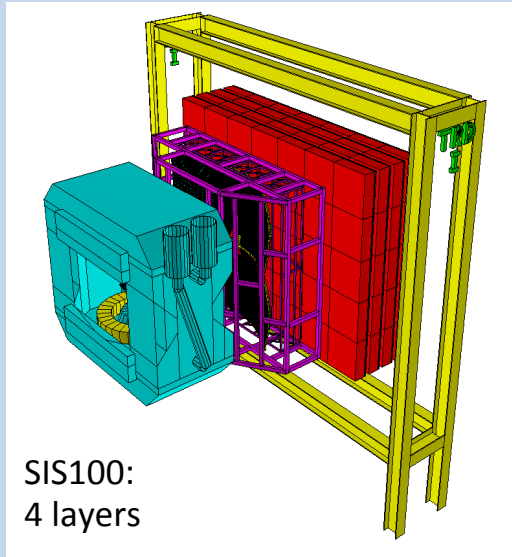
- *CO<sub>2</sub> radiator*
- *Double-focusing mirror optics*
- *Highly granular photon detection by*



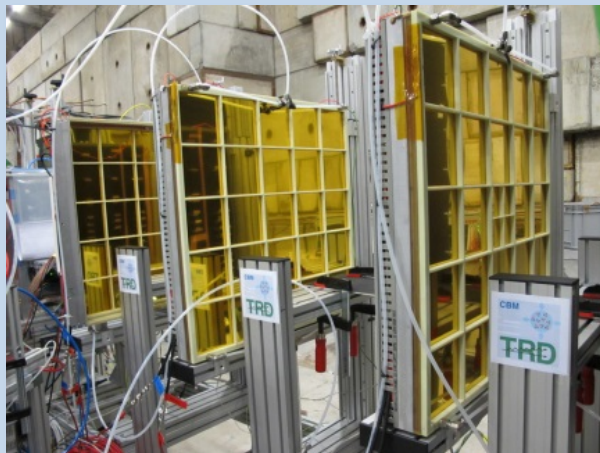
full-size prototype test at CERN PS



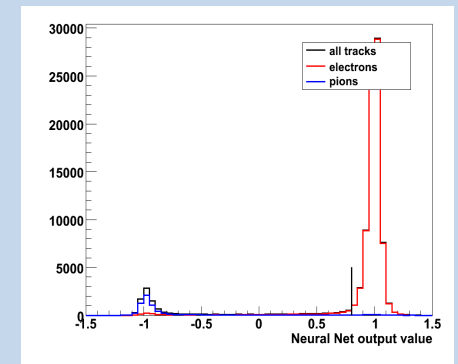
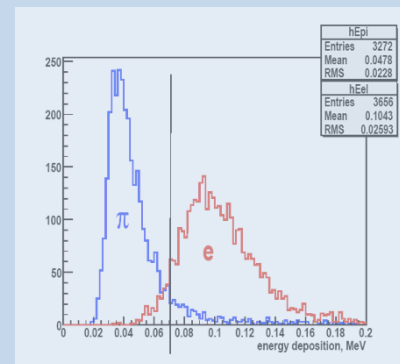
# Electrons and More: Transition Radiation Detector



- 4 (10) layers of radiators with MWPC chambers
- different radiator materials and chamber types under investigation
- for e/hadron separation
- for intermediate tracking to TOF / after MUCH



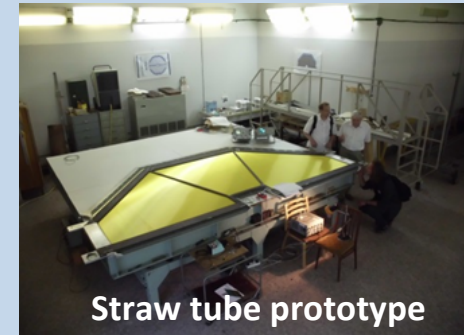
Test beam at CERN-PS



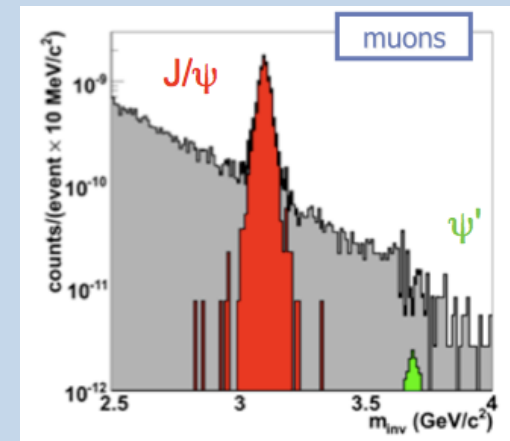
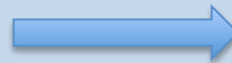
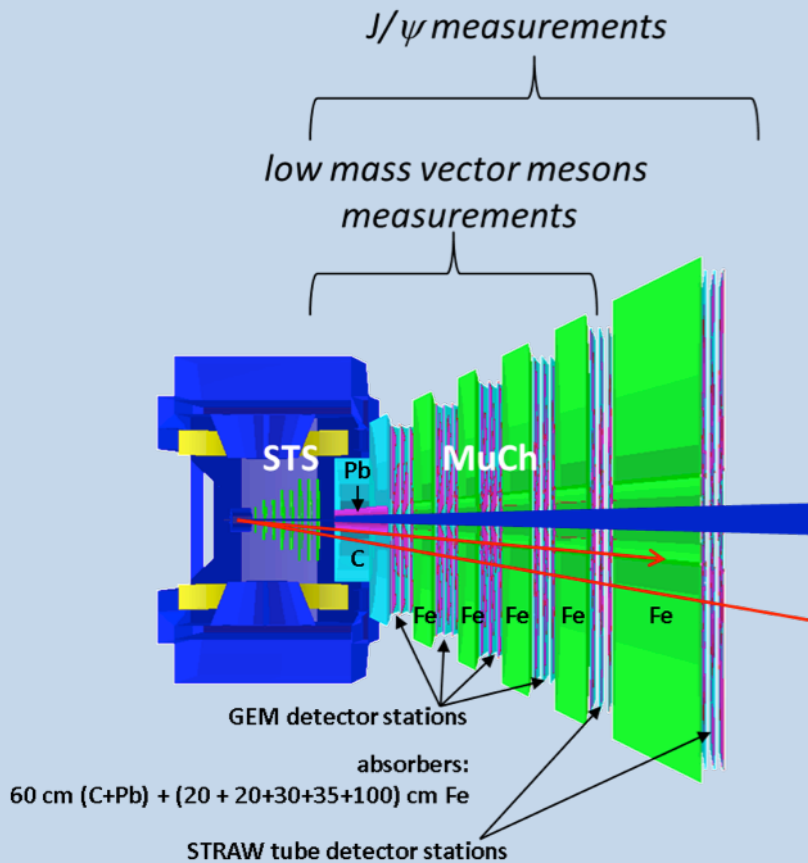
# No Hadrons Allowed: Muon Detector



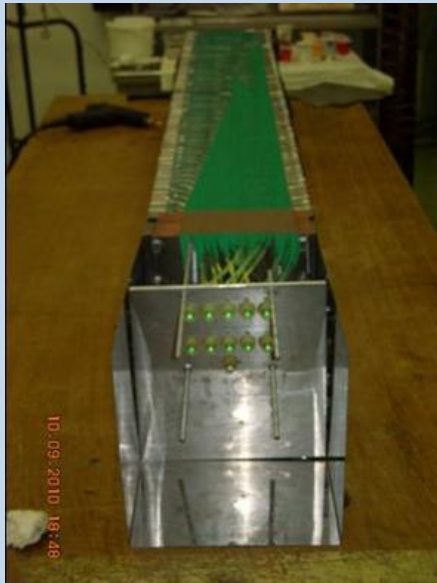
- active absorber system with tracking detectors (GEM/straw) sandwiched between absorber slices
- allows track following through the system



Straw tube prototype

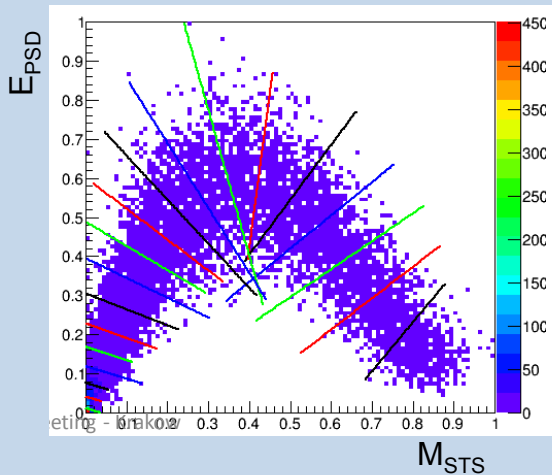


# Centrality and event plane: Projectile Spectator Detector

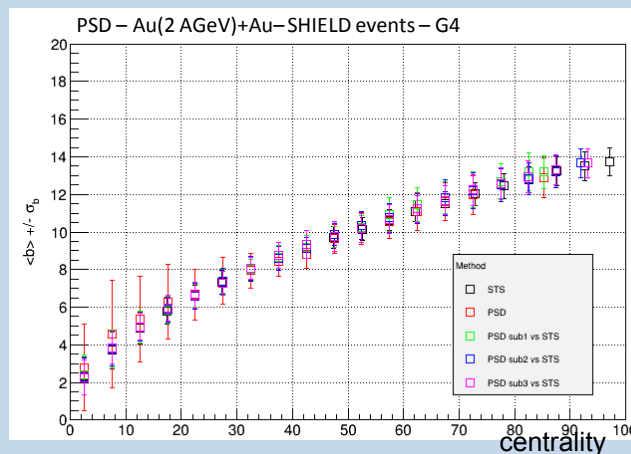


Detector module

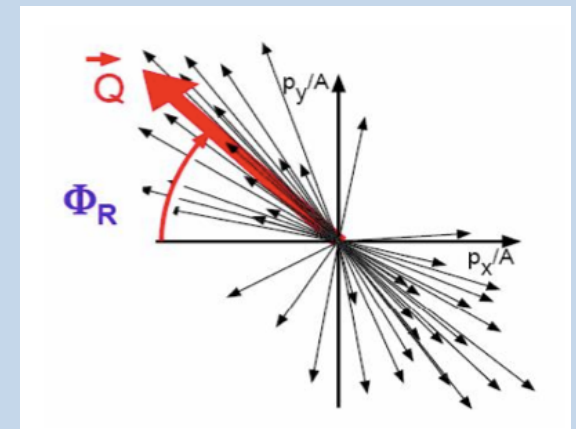
- full compensating calorimeter
- 44 modules with  $20 \times 20 \text{ cm}^2$  each
- 60 lead/scintillator layers per module
- read out by MAPDs through wavelength shifting fibers



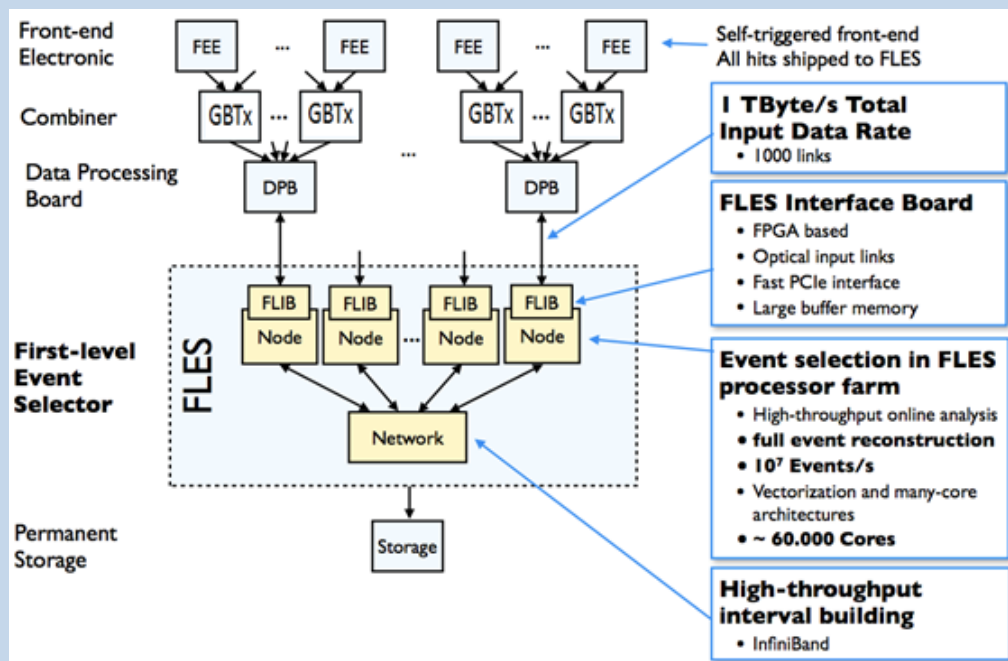
V. Friese



SQM 2015, Dubna, 11 July 2015



# DAQ and First-Level Event Selector



- *no hardware trigger: free-streaming FEE and DAQ with time-stamped messages*
- *data rate up to 1 TB/s*
- *high-throughput event building and –selection in software on an online computer farm (FLES)*
- *data reduction by several 100 before storage*



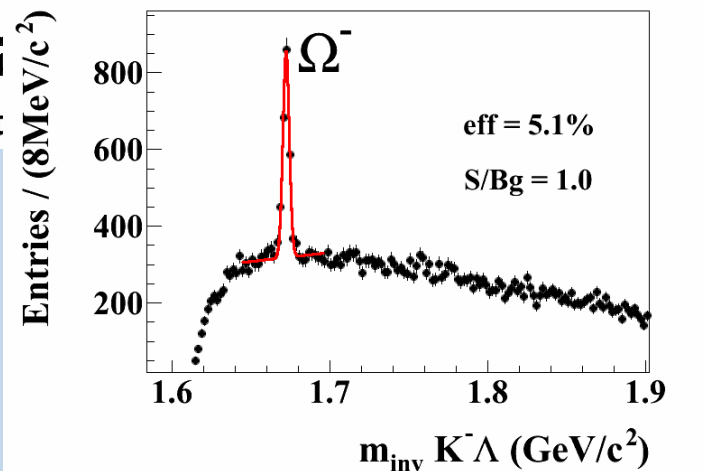
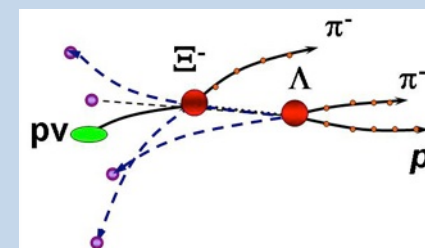
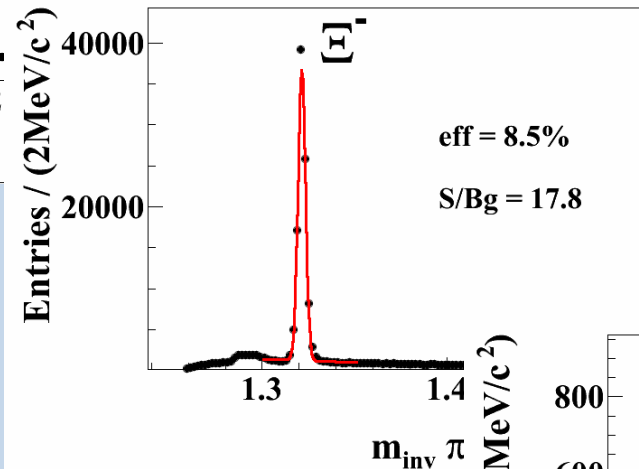
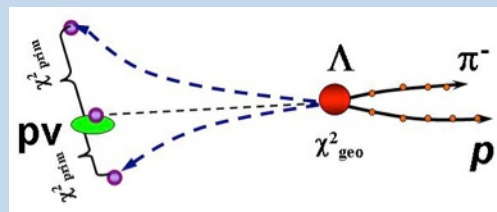
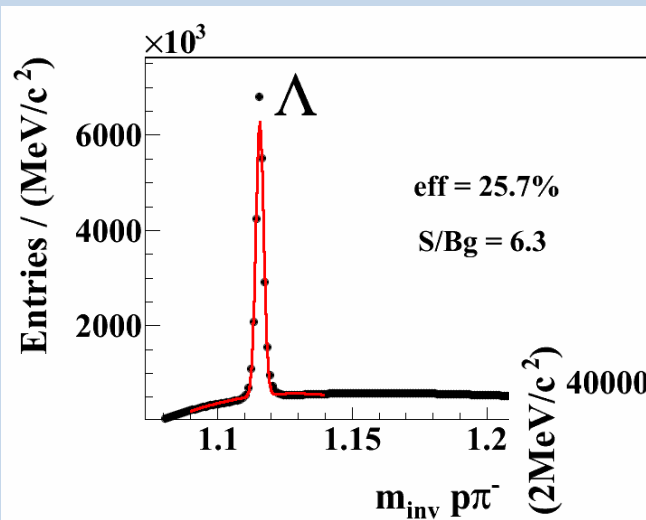
FLES prototype: Loewe CSC Frankfurt



# SIS-100 and SIS-300

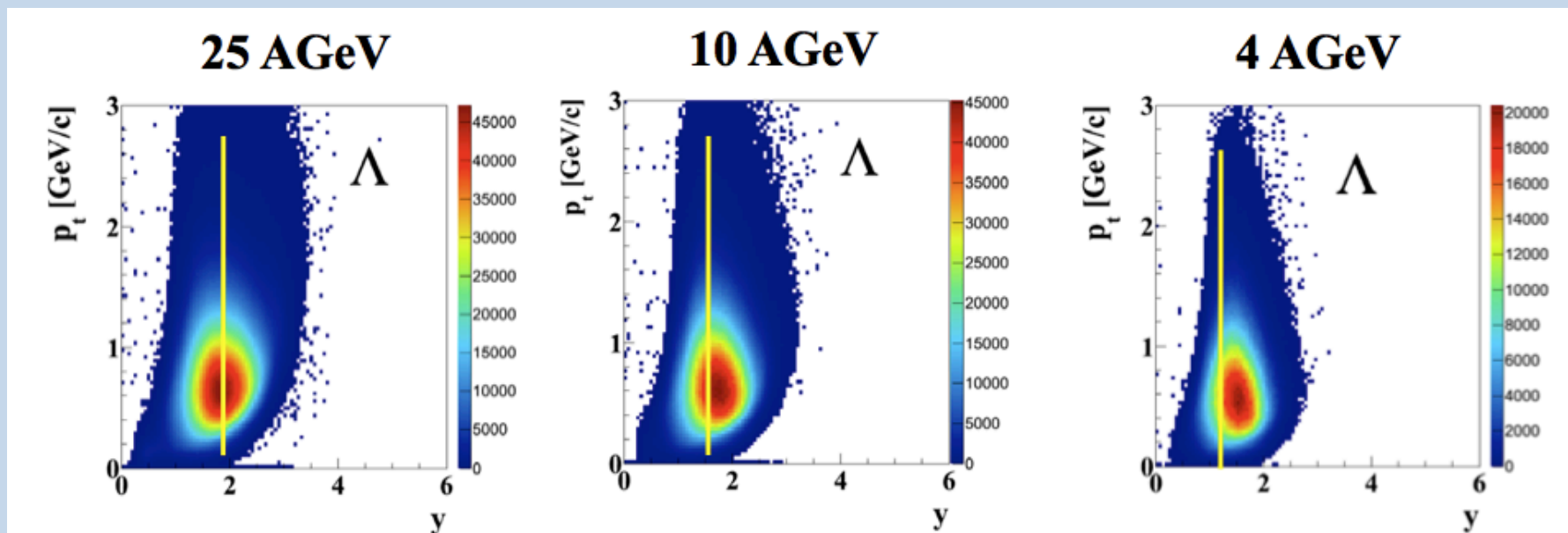
- SIS-100 and CBM are part of the FAIR Modularised Start Version (MSV)
- SIS-300 is not; not yet funded; timeline unsure
- we concentrate now on CBM@SIS-100
  - Au: 2A – 11A GeV
  - Ni: 2A – 15A GeV
  - p: up to 30 GeV
- staying open for SIS-300 as later upgrade

# Performance for Hyperons



Input: UrQMD, central Au+Au, 10A GeV

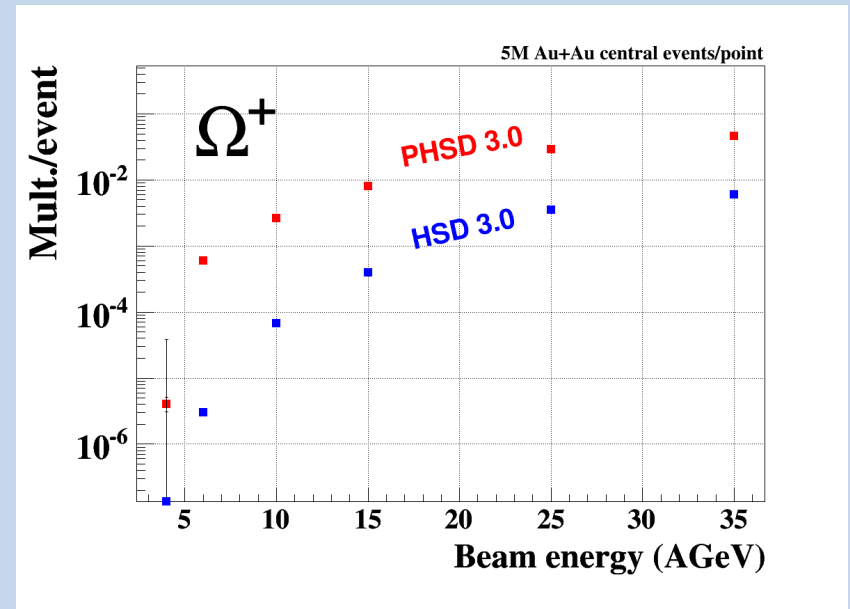
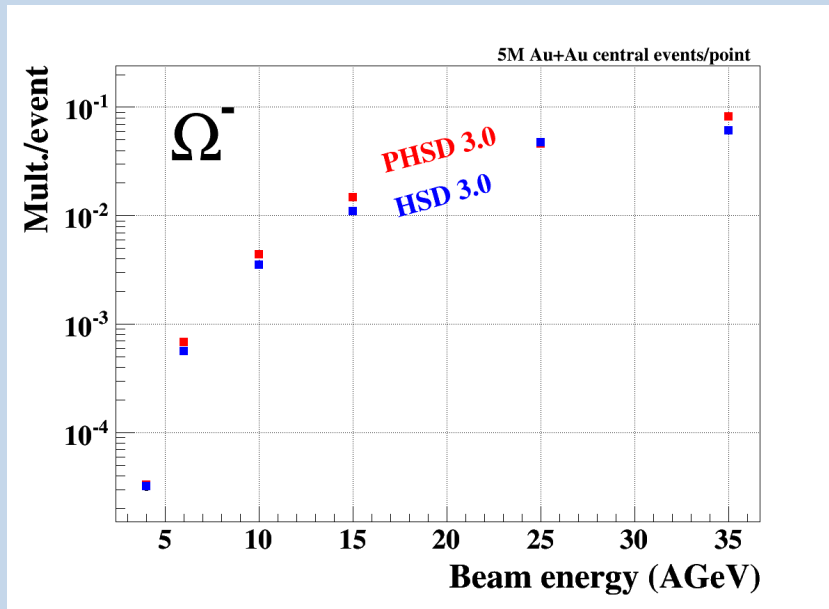
# Hyperons: Phase-Space Coverage



# Ant-Hyperons: Even More Interesting?

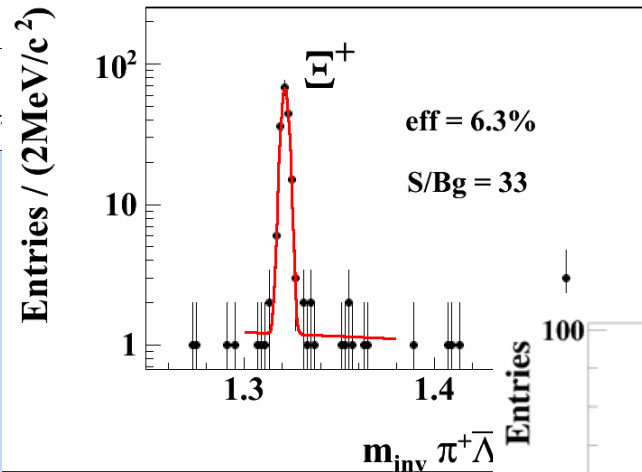
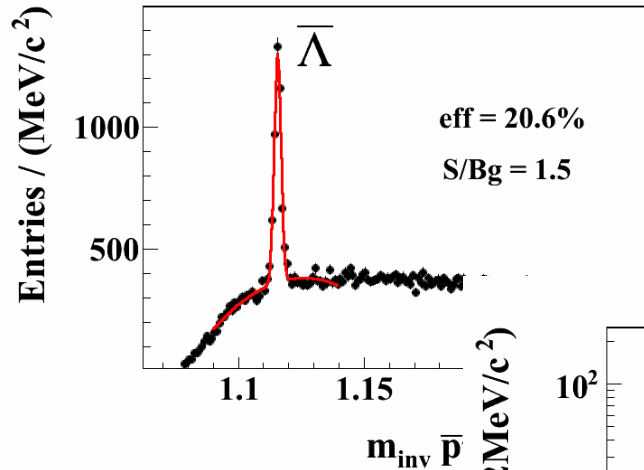


PHSD central Au+Au, preliminary



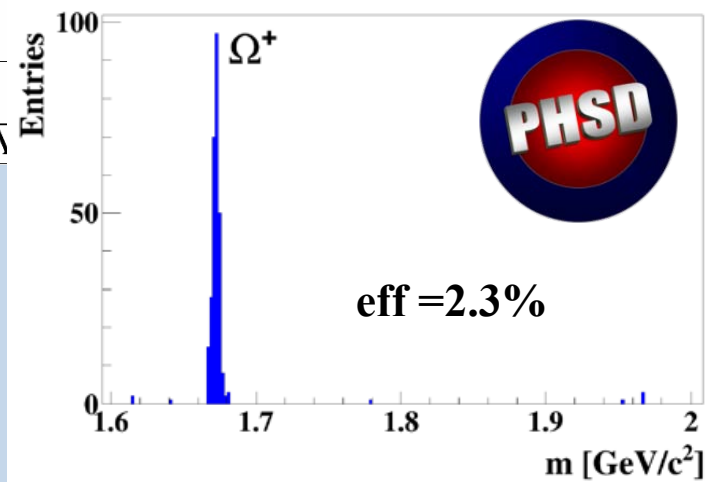
PHSD prediction:  
QGP formation manifests much more visibly in multi-strange anti-hyperons

# Performance: Anti-Hyperons



Input: central Au+Au, 10A GeV  
UrQMD (PHSD for  $\Omega^+$ )

Very rare probes; require high  
interaction rates and online selection!

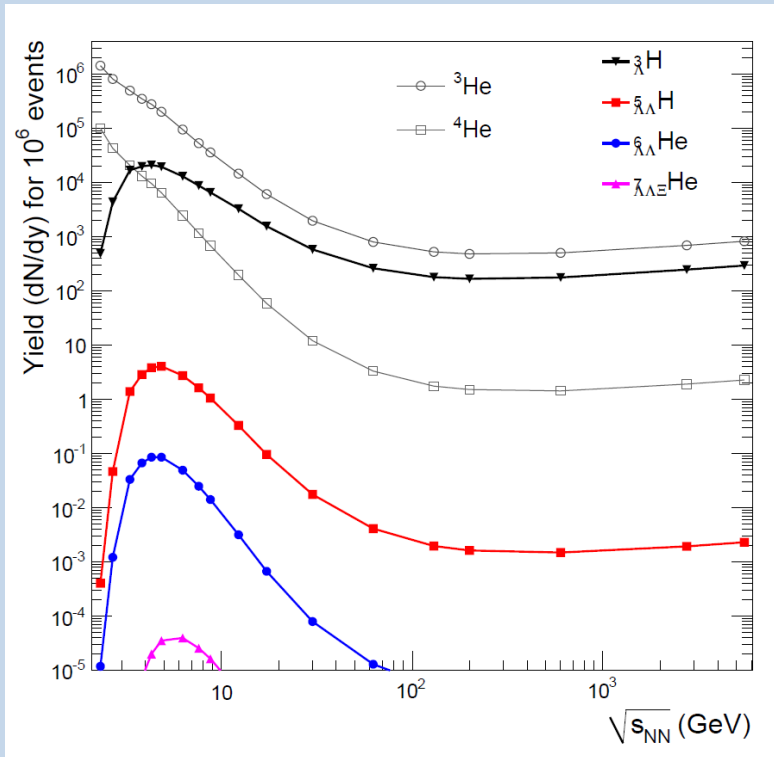


# Hyperons: Expected Statistics

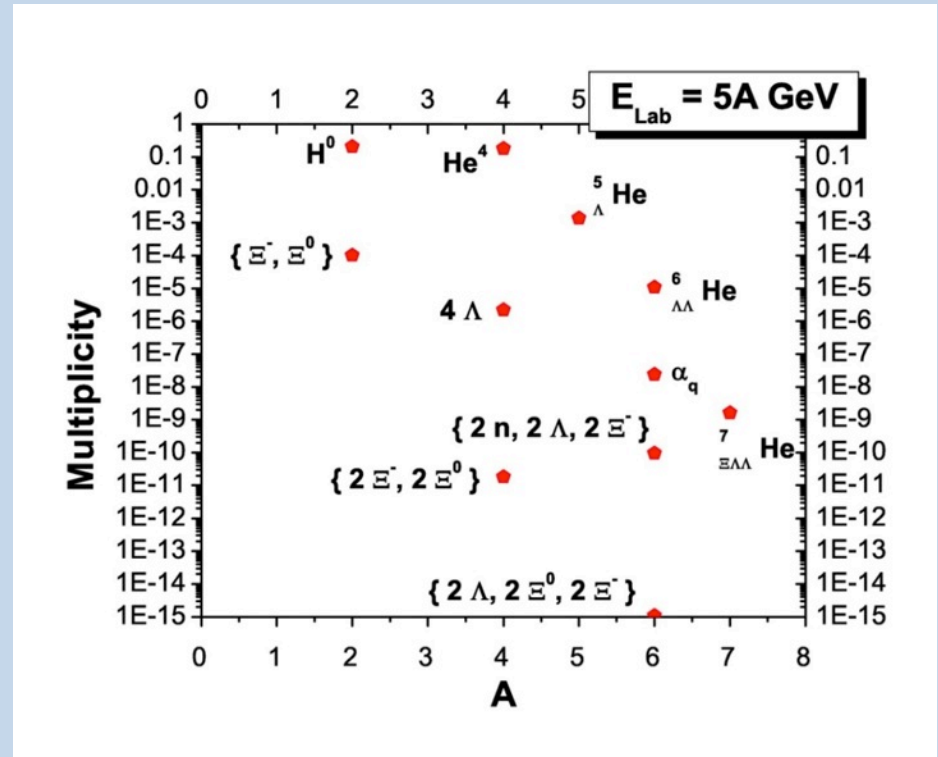
Au+Au 10 AGeV	$\Lambda$	$\Xi^-$	$\Omega^-$	$\Omega^+$
<b>decay channel</b>	$p \pi^-$	$\pi^- p \pi^-$	$K^- p \pi^-$	$K^+ \bar{p} \pi^+$
$M_{\text{UrQMD 3.3}}$	17.4	0.22	5.5E-3	6.7E-5
<b>BR(%)</b>	63.9	~100	67.8	67.8
<b>total eff. (%)</b>	<b>25.7</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>5.4</b>	<b>2.3</b>
$S/B_{2\sigma}$	.3	17.8	1.0	~10
<b>Reco yield/sec. ~ 1MHz</b>	<b>4.5M</b>	<b>20k</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>1.5</b>

# Hyper-Nuclei and Strange Di-Baryons

Model predictions: FAIR energy range is best suited for the production of hyper-nuclei

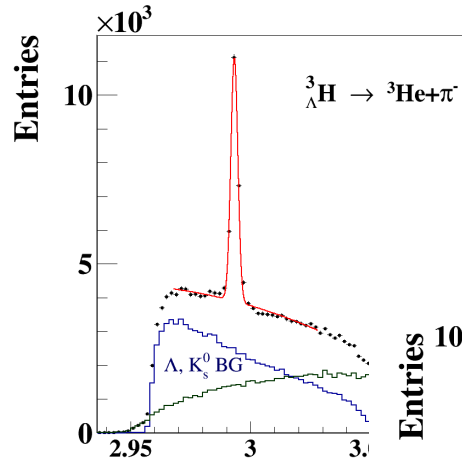


A. Andronic et al., Phys. Lett. B697 (2011) 203

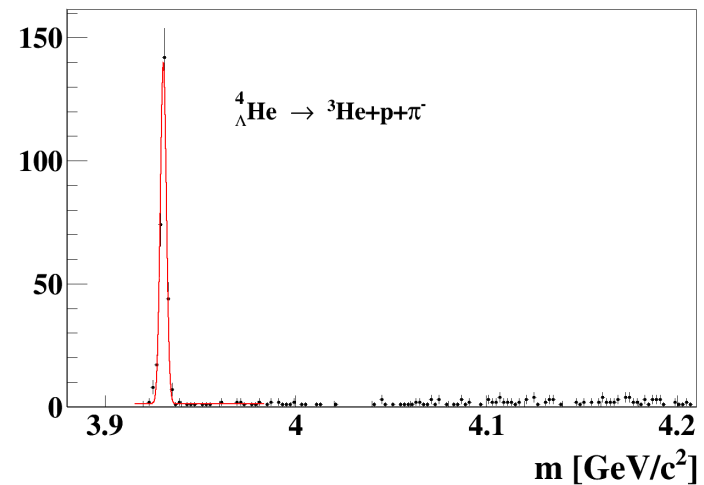
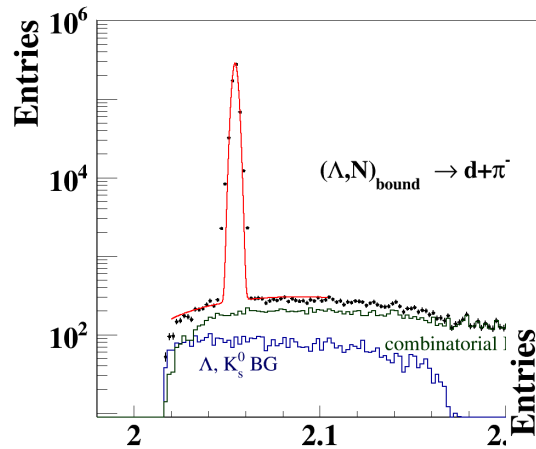


H. Stöcker et al., Nucl. Phys. A 827 (2009) 624c

# Sensitivity to Hypermatter



central Au+Au, 10A GeV

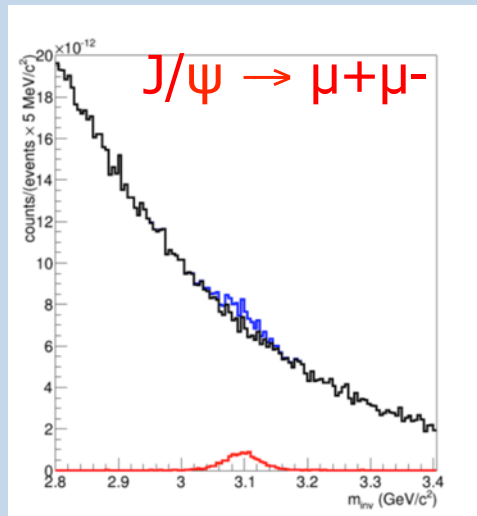




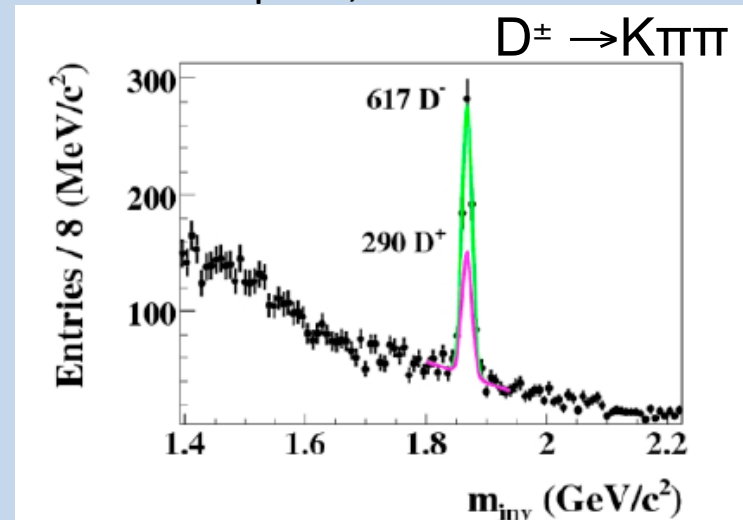
# Charm? At SIS-100?

- The CBM charm programme is tailored for SIS-300 energies
- At SIS-100:
  - charmonium at top energy: Au+Au, 11A GeV (sub-threshold, extremely challenging)
  - $Z/A = 0.5$  (e.g., Ni+Ni) @ 15A GeV (slightly above threshold)
  - open and hidden charm in p+A up to 30 GeV (c-cbar cross section, cold matter effects)

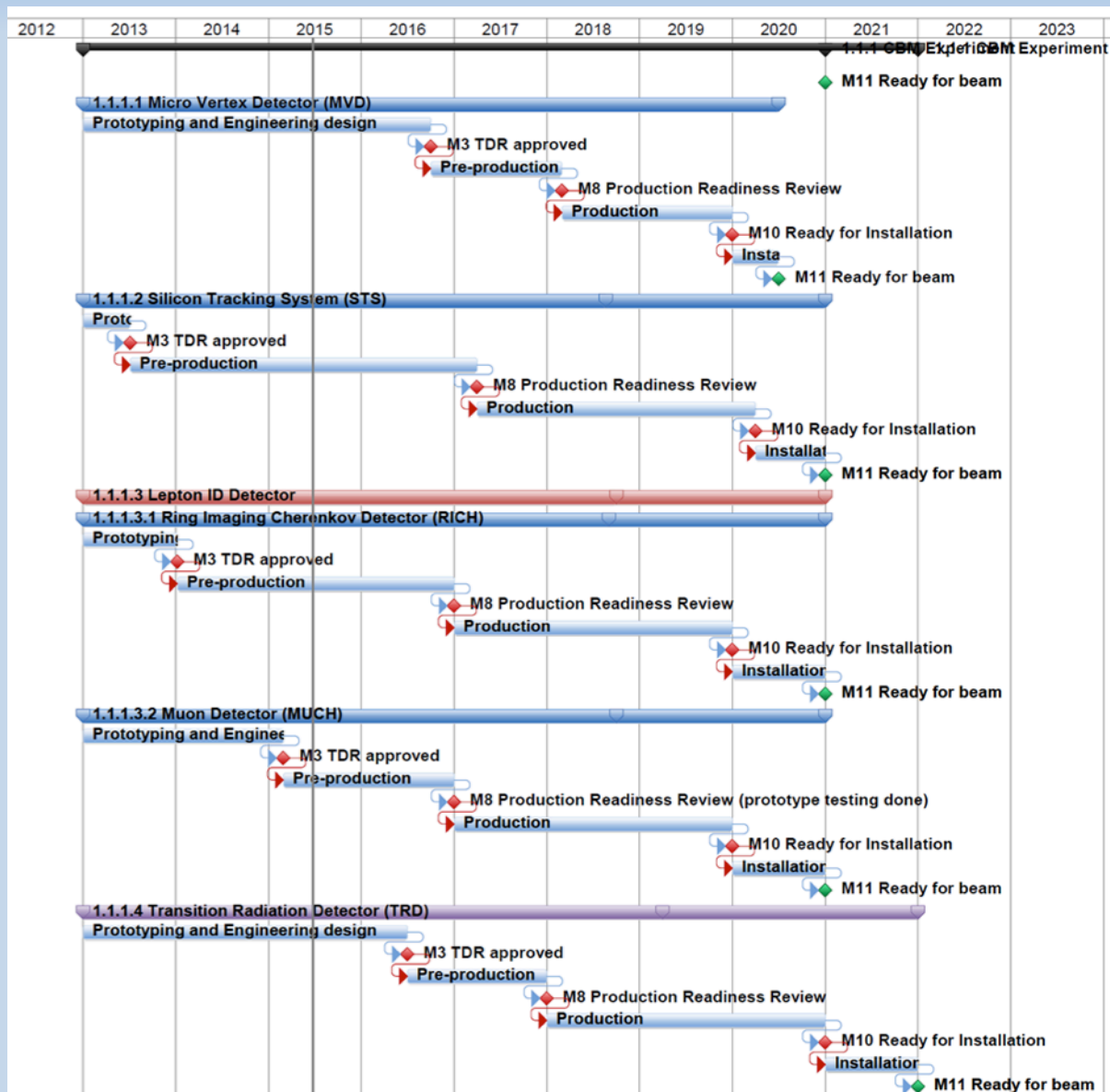
central Au + Au, 10A GeV



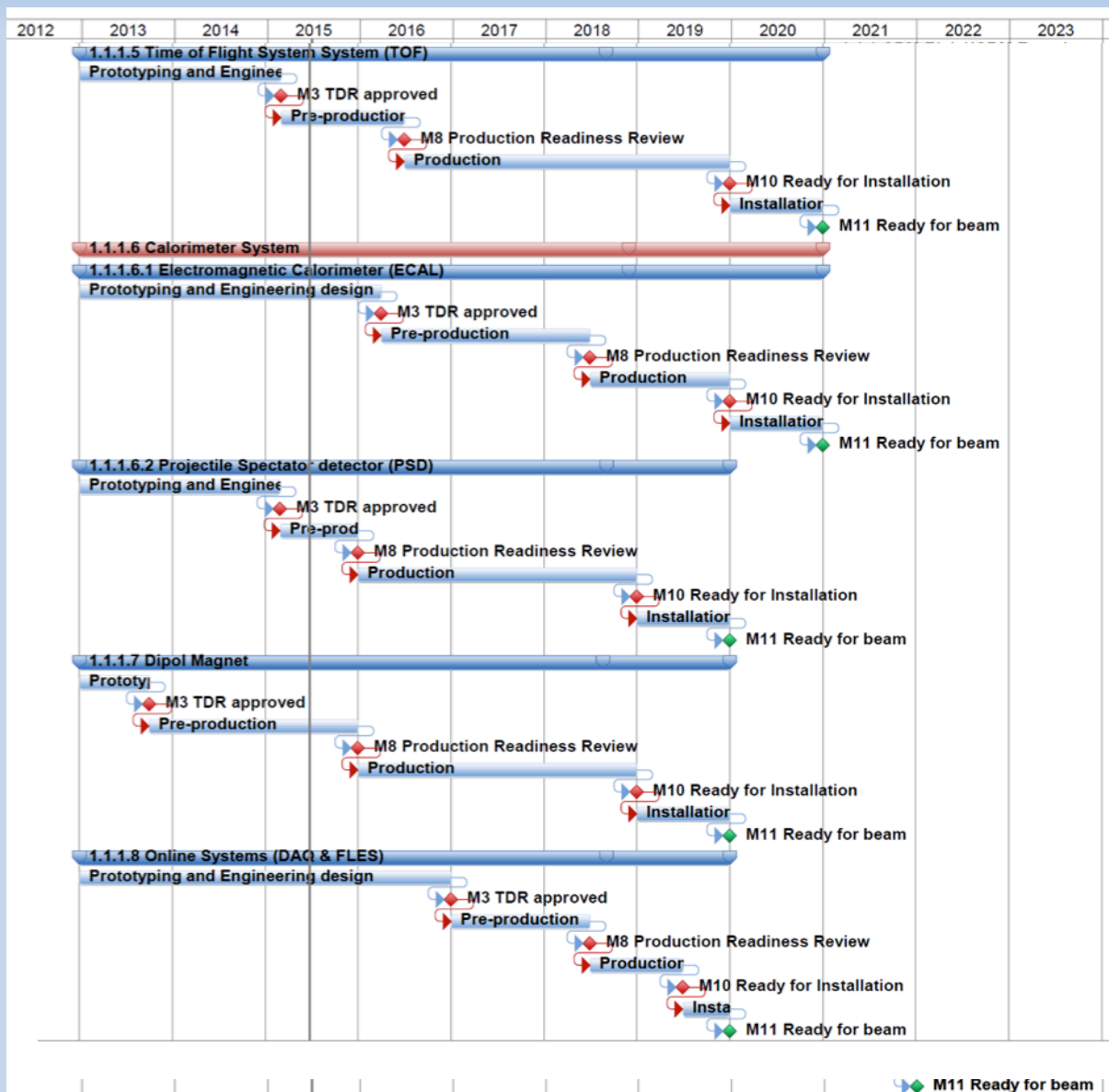
p + C, 30 GeV



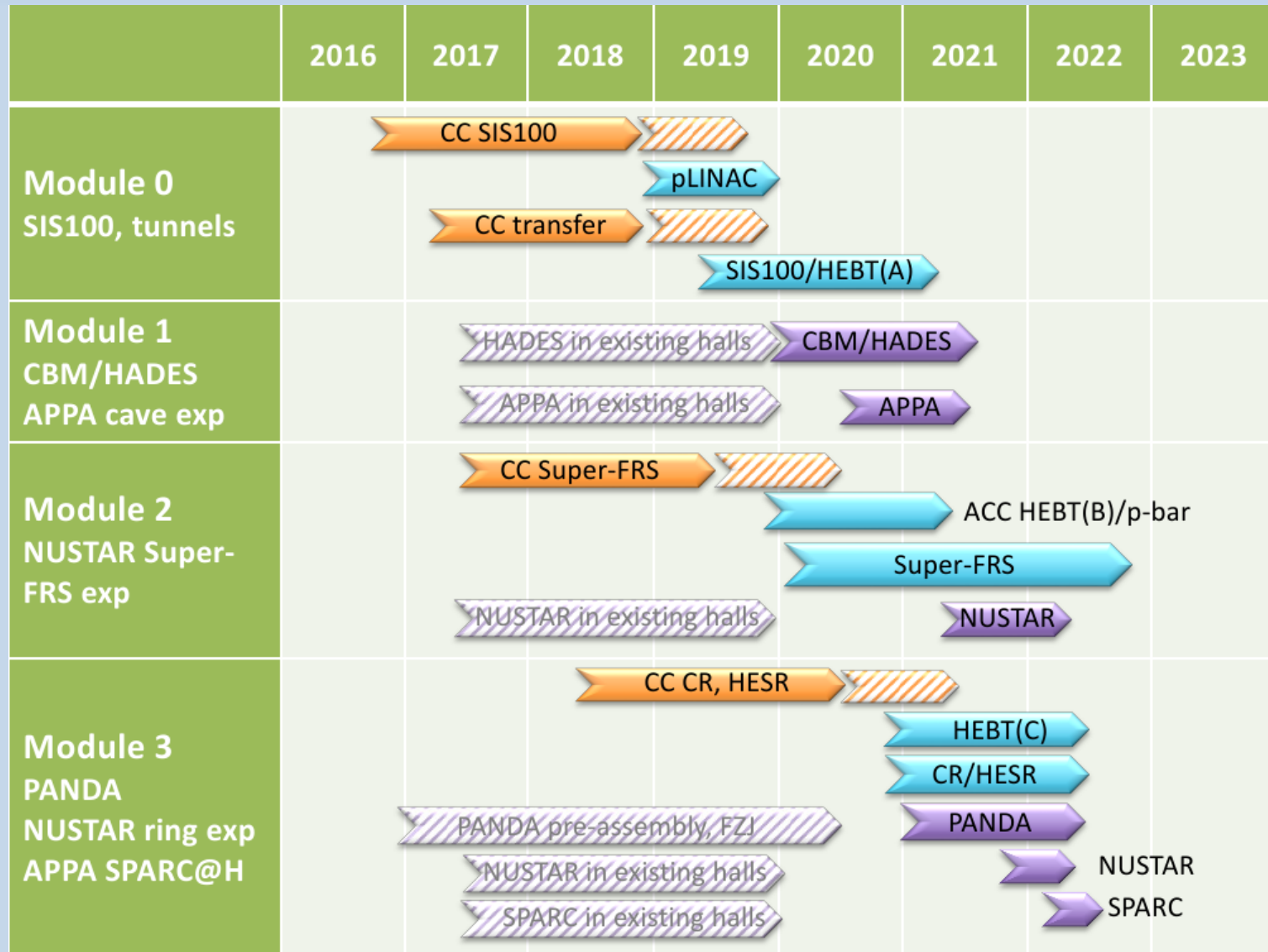
# CBM Timeline (1)



# CBM Timeline (2)

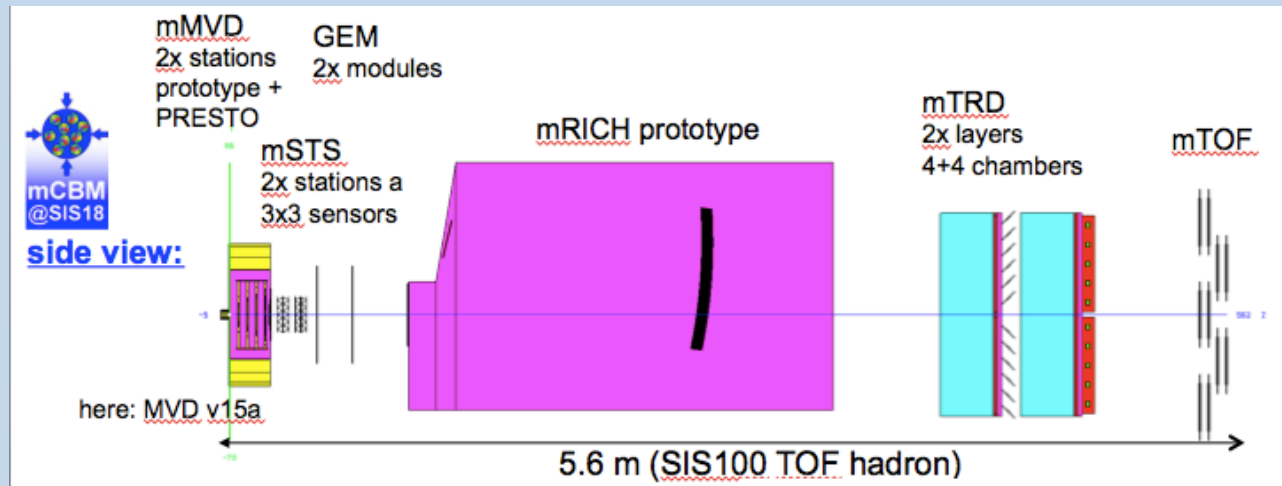


# FAIR Timeline



# Strategy Towards First Beam From SIS-100

- In view of FAIR delay:
  - install and commission CBM detector elements at other facilities
    - TOF->STAR; STS->BM@N; MVD, PSD->NA61
  - build mCBM at SIS-18 beamline to test interplay of systems and the full data chain



- objective: gain operational experience to minimize start-up time at SIS-100

# Summary

- CBM is moving on:
  - most TDRs approved
  - entering pre-production phase
  - completion of systems end of 2019
- First measurements at SIS-100: systematic, high-precision, multi-differential measurements of multi-strange (anti-)hyperons, hyper-nuclei, search for exotica, di-lepton spectra in the energy range 2A – 11A GeV
  - from 2021 on