

Information on plans for the development of applied research at the NICA complex

(following the International Workshop on Biophysics and Materials at NICA, 12–13 December 2016, Dubna)

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FAIR

GSI

BROOKHAVEN
NATIONAL LABORATORY



NSRL (BNL)

<https://www.bnl.gov/nsrl/>

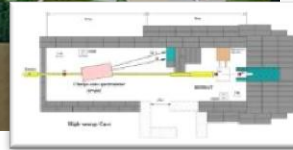
 **LOMA LINDA UNIVERSITY**
MEDICAL CENTER



<https://protons.com/>



BIOMAT



<http://www.fair-center.eu/>

INFN
LNS



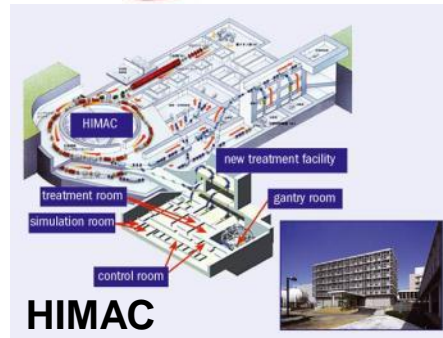
LNS



<http://www.lns.infn.it/>

**Applied research
with particle beams**
(biophysics, radiobiology,
materials science,
medicine, etc.)

NIRS



HIMAC

<http://www.nirs.qst.go.jp/ENG/index.shtml>

GANIL
laboratoire commun CEA/DSM spiral2 CNRS/IN2P3



<http://www.ganil-spiral2.eu/>

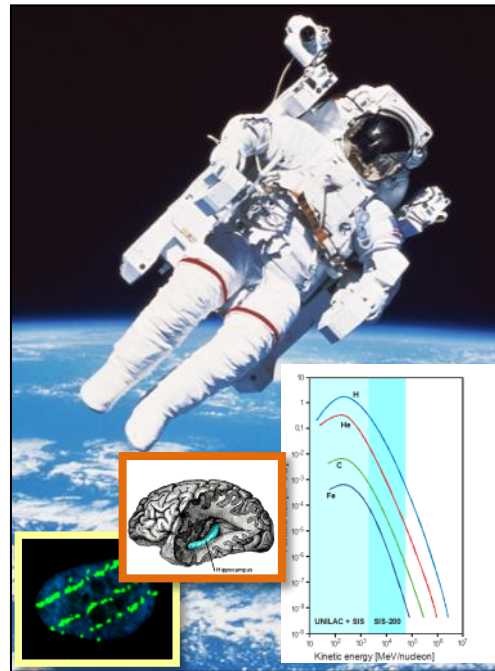
Area of applied research with heavy ion beams

Radiation medicine (particle therapy and diagnostics, radiation surgery, etc.)



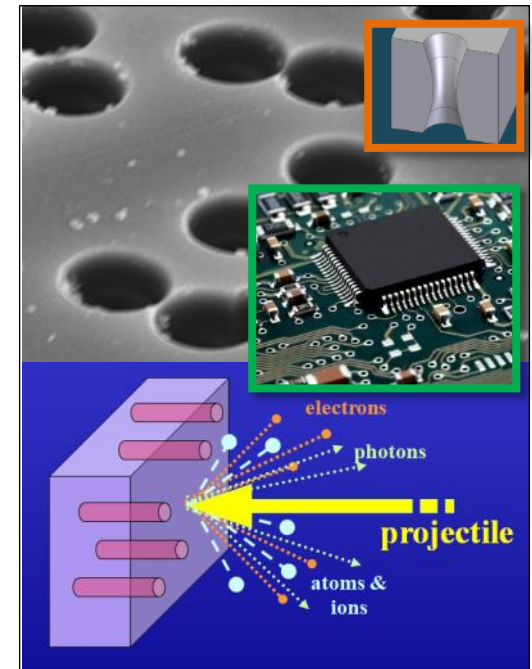
^1H to ^{20}Ne
70-400 MeV/n

Health in deep space, radiation risk assessment, biophysics, radiobiology, etc.



^1H to ^{56}Fe
100-10000 MeV/n

Materials science (radiation hardness, ion-matter interactions, ion-track nanotechnology, etc.)



Various ion species with
energies from tens to
hundreds MeV/u

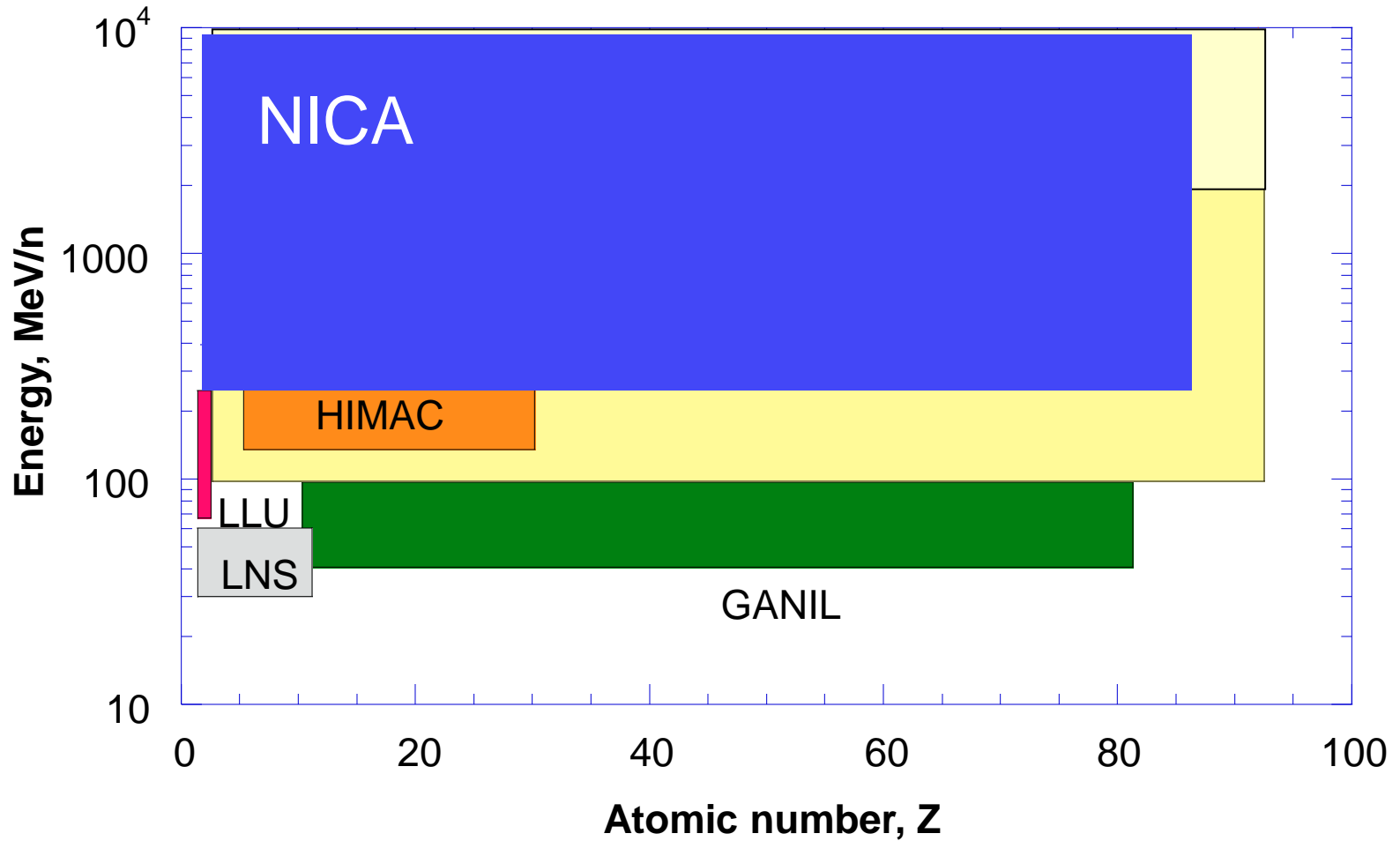
Main targets:

- *study of hot and dense baryonic matter*
at the energy range of *max baryonic density*
- *investigation of nucleon spin structure, polarization phenomena*
- *development of accelerator facility for HEP @ JINR*
- *construction of Collider of relativistic ions from p to Au,*
polarized protons and deuterons
with max energy up to $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 11$ GeV (Au⁷⁹⁺) and =27 GeV (p)



Powerful capabilities for applied research with high-energy heavy ion beams

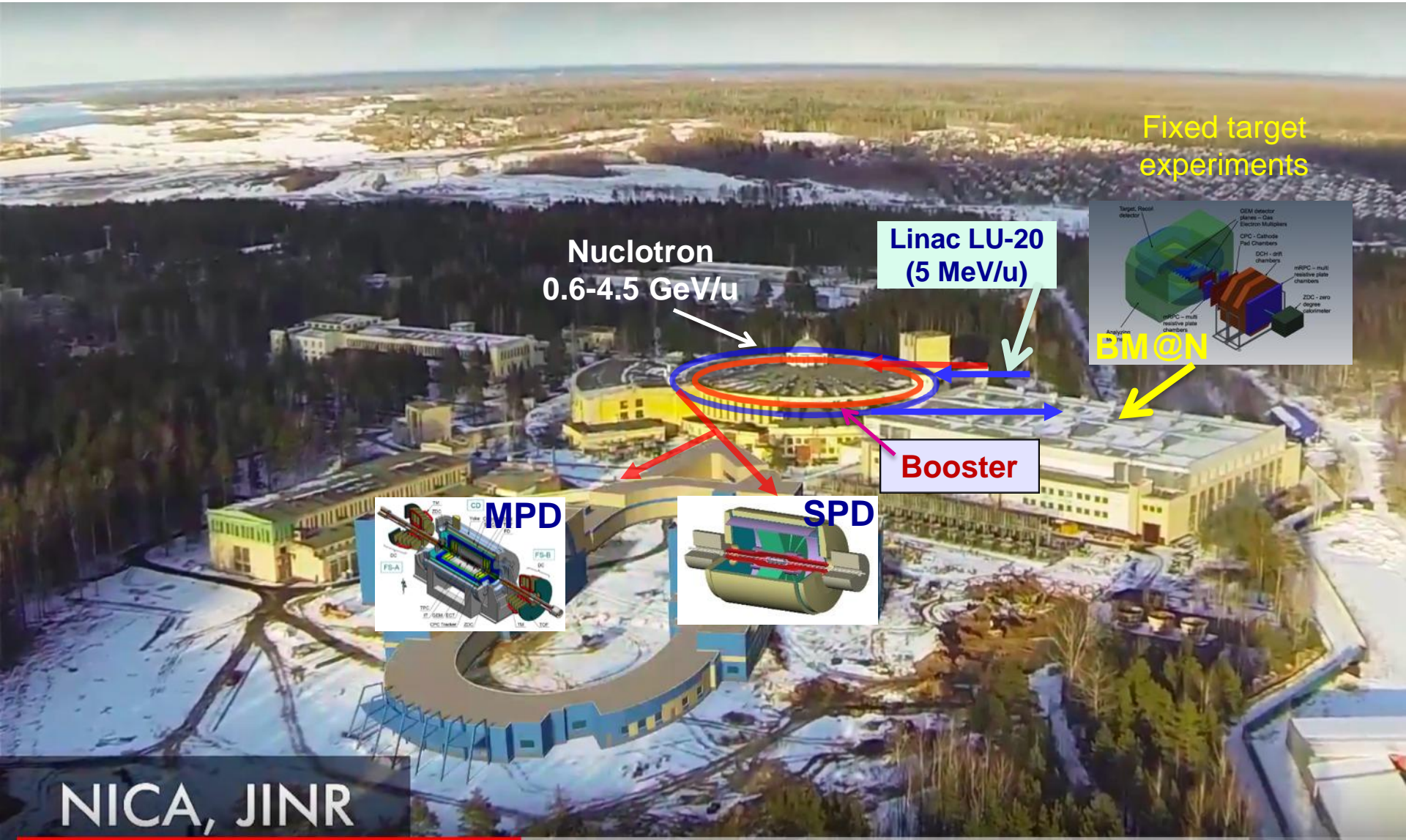
Heavy-ion accelerator facilities



NICA facility

In operation

Under construction

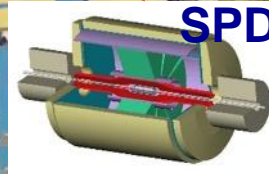
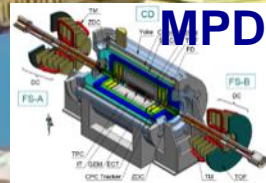
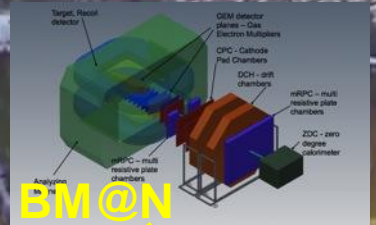


Fixed target experiments

Nuclotron
0.6-4.5 GeV/u

Linac LU-20
(5 MeV/u)

Booster



NICA, JINR

International mega-project NICA

~ 70 Russian Institutions and Universities + 26 Organizations abroad RF

МИФИ, МЭИ, МФТИ, КГТУ, СПбГУ,...



Budker INP SB RAS, Novosibirsk



INR RAS, Troitsk polarised source,
Linacs, beam diagnostics



South Africa Republic:
DST, iThemba, NECSA,
Universities: Capetown, Stellenbosch, etc
others (Theory, cryostats, ion source, cryogenics)



GSI/FAIR
SC dipoles for Booster/SIS-100
beam cooling, diagnostics



Rosatom: Sarov, Snezhinsk, Lesnoy
Rostex: Savelovo, etc



NRC KI IHEP, Protvino: RFQ, beam
dynamics, Feed-back systems



НАЦИОНАЛЬНЫЙ
ИССЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬСКИЙ ЦЕНТР
«УРЧАТОВСКИЙ ИНСТИТУТ»



KI ITEP: Beam dynamics
RFQ linac



FZ Juelich (IKP)
HV Electron cooler
Stoch. cooling



CERN
SC technologies, Rad.safety,
energetics, beam cooling and
dynamics



FNAL:
HV Electron cooler
Beam dynamics, Stoch.cooling



BNL (RHIC)
Beam dynamics,
Stoch. Cooling

Status of the NICA mega-science @ JINR



ПРАВИТЕЛЬСТВО РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ

РАСПОРЯЖЕНИЕ

от 27 апреля 2016 г. № 783-р

МОСКВА

О подписании Соглашения между Правительством Российской Федерации и международной межправительственной научно-исследовательской организацией Объединенным институтом ядерных исследований о создании и эксплуатации комплекса сверхпроводящих колец на встречных пучках тяжелых ионов NICA

1. В соответствии с пунктом 1 статьи 11 Федерального закона "О международных договорах Российской Федерации" одобрить представленный Минобрнауки России согласованный с МИДом России, Минфином России, Минэкономразвития России и международной межправительственной научно-исследовательской организацией Объединенным институтом ядерных исследований проект Соглашения между Правительством Российской Федерации и международной межправительственной научно-исследовательской организацией Объединенным институтом ядерных исследований о создании и эксплуатации комплекса сверхпроводящих колец на встречных пучках тяжелых ионов NICA (прилагается).

2. Поручить Минобрнауки России провести переговоры с международной межправительственной научно-исследовательской организацией Объединенным институтом ядерных исследований и по достижении договоренности подписать от имени Правительства Российской Федерации указанное в пункте 1 настоящего распоряжения Соглашение, разрешив вносить в прилагаемый проект изменения,

On 27th April 2016 the RG Prime-minister issued the Governmental Decree about establishment of the NICA mega-science on Russian territory at JINR.

Russia and JINR co-invest to the "NICA Complex".

Agreement between RF Government and JINR (signed on 2nd June 2016) in the frame of Decree formulates basic principles of the setting and development of the International collaboration "Complex NICA".

We assume that in coming years similar Agreements will be prepared, agreed and signed with other countries and International Scientific centers, expressed their interest to participate and contribute to NICA.

We invite new countries to join NICA (Germany, China, India, SAR, ...) and leading International centers (CERN, FAIR, ...), also Universities.

Possibilities for applied research with particle beams at NICA

<p>Area - 1 Low energy beams Injector (< 5 MeV/u)</p>	<p>Area - 2 Medium energy beams Booster (< 600 MeV/u)</p>	<p>Area - 3 High energy beams Nuclotron (< 4.5 GeV/u)</p>
<p>Research in field of nanotechnologies</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Possibility to have cooled ion beam• study of radiation damages in microelectronics;• radiobiology for space• new materials;• R&D for elements and prototypes of the carbon beam therapy center	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Possibility to have cooled ion beam• study of radiation damages in microelectronics;• radiobiology for space• Relativistic nuclear energetics. Utilization of radioactive waste;• Remote control and monitoring of the fission substances

In order to define a roadmap for development of applied research at this facility, a special [International Workshop on Biophysics and Materials at NICA](#) was held in Dubna on 12–13 December 2016.



The image shows a screenshot of the Joint Institute for Nuclear Research (JINR) website. At the top left is the JINR logo and name, with the tagline "SCIENCE BRINGING NATIONS TOGETHER". To the right are search and language (RU) icons. A navigation bar contains links for JINR, SCIENCE, STUDENTS & EDUCATORS, PRESS OFFICE, FOR EMPLOYEES, and EVENTS. Below this is a secondary menu with links for News, World science, Organization, Education, Grants, Publications, Culture, and Agenda. The main heading is "International Workshop «BIOMAT»" with social media icons for Facebook, Twitter, and YouTube. Under "Conferences", there is a news item titled "The International Workshop on Biophysics and Materials at NICA «BIOMAT» will be held on 12-13 December 2016 in the Veksler and Baldin Laboratory of High Energy Physics JINR, Dubna." The text describes the seminar's focus on applied research at the NICA complex, mentioning participants from various countries and research centers. A link for the workshop webcast is provided: <http://lheplive.jinr.ru/live-streaming/>. Below the text is a video player showing a presentation slide titled "Прикладные исследования на NICA - семинар «BIOMAT»". The slide lists the first stage of the experimental setup as "BIOMAT@NICA" and includes two bullet points: "to direct research of influence of a high energy protons and heavy ions with energy up to 0.8 GeV/n on the electronic equipment used in special equipment and space devices" and "to research on impact of protons and heavy ions on a biological objects and materials". A play button is visible in the center of the video player. At the bottom left of the video player, a digital clock shows "9:05".

Joint Institute for Nuclear Research
SCIENCE BRINGING NATIONS TOGETHER

JINR | SCIENCE | STUDENTS & EDUCATORS | PRESS OFFICE | FOR EMPLOYEES | EVENTS

News | World science | Organization | Education | Grants | Publications | Culture | Agenda

International Workshop «BIOMAT»

Conferences

The International Workshop on Biophysics and Materials at NICA «BIOMAT» will be held on 12-13 December 2016 in the Veksler and Baldin Laboratory of High Energy Physics JINR, Dubna.

The seminar is held for the first time, it is dedicated to applied research at the NICA complex. This is initially pertinent to radiobiology, ion beam interactions with materials, and exposure of electronic components, testing of electronic components for space applications. The seminar gathered 60 participants from Belarus, Germany, Egypt, Italy, Poland, the Czech Republic, and Russian research centers: National Research Centre "Kurchatov Institute", MEPhI, SINP MSU. On the JINR side, several reports from FLNP, FLNR, LRB, and VBLHEP will be presented. Opportunities for joint research will be discussed in the roundtable format, an excursion to the Nuclotron will be organized for participants.

Workshop webcast: <http://lheplive.jinr.ru/live-streaming/>

Прикладные исследования на NICA - семинар «BIOMAT»

BIOMAT@NICA

— to direct research of influence of a high energy protons and heavy ions with energy up to 0.8 GeV/n on the electronic equipment used in special equipment and space devices

— to research on impact of protons and heavy ions on a biological objects and materials

9:05

Workshop «BIOMAT» – Applied research at NICA, <http://science-tv.jinr.ru/>

About 60 participants from JINR and other leading scientific and technical international organizations

Germany

- FAIR, GSI Helmholtzzentrum für Schwerionenforschung

Italy

- Trento Institute for Fundamental Physics and Applications, INFN

Poland

- Institute of Nuclear Physics of Polish Academy of Sciences

Czech Republic

- Nuclear Physics Institute of ASCR

Belarus

- Belarusian State University

Egypt

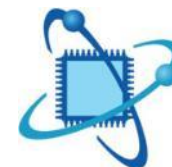
- Faculty of science, Damanhour University

Russia

- FSBI “SSC RF ITEP” of NRC “Kurchatov Institute”
- Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute of NRC “Kurchatov Institute”
- Lomonosov Moscow State University
- National Research Nuclear University “MEPhI”
- Roskosmos
- Branch of Joint - Stock Company "United Rocket and Space Corporation" - "Institute of Space Device Engineering“

JINR

- Veksler and Baldin Laboratory of High Energy Physics
- Frank Laboratory of Neutron Physics
- Flerov Laboratory of Nuclear Reactions
- Laboratory of Radiation Biology

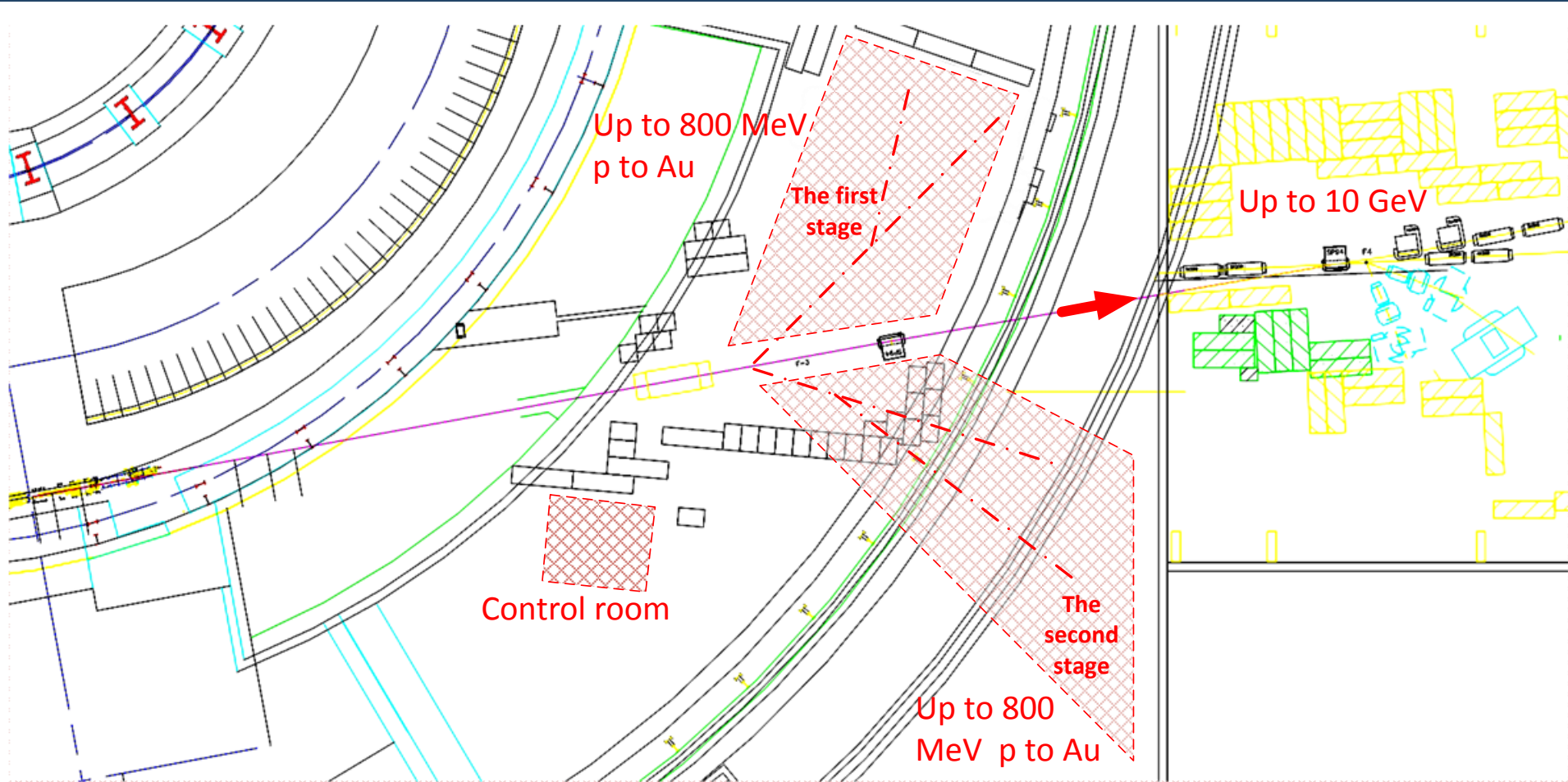


TL ISDE



Joint Institute for Nuclear Research

Proposals on construction of experimental areas for applied research



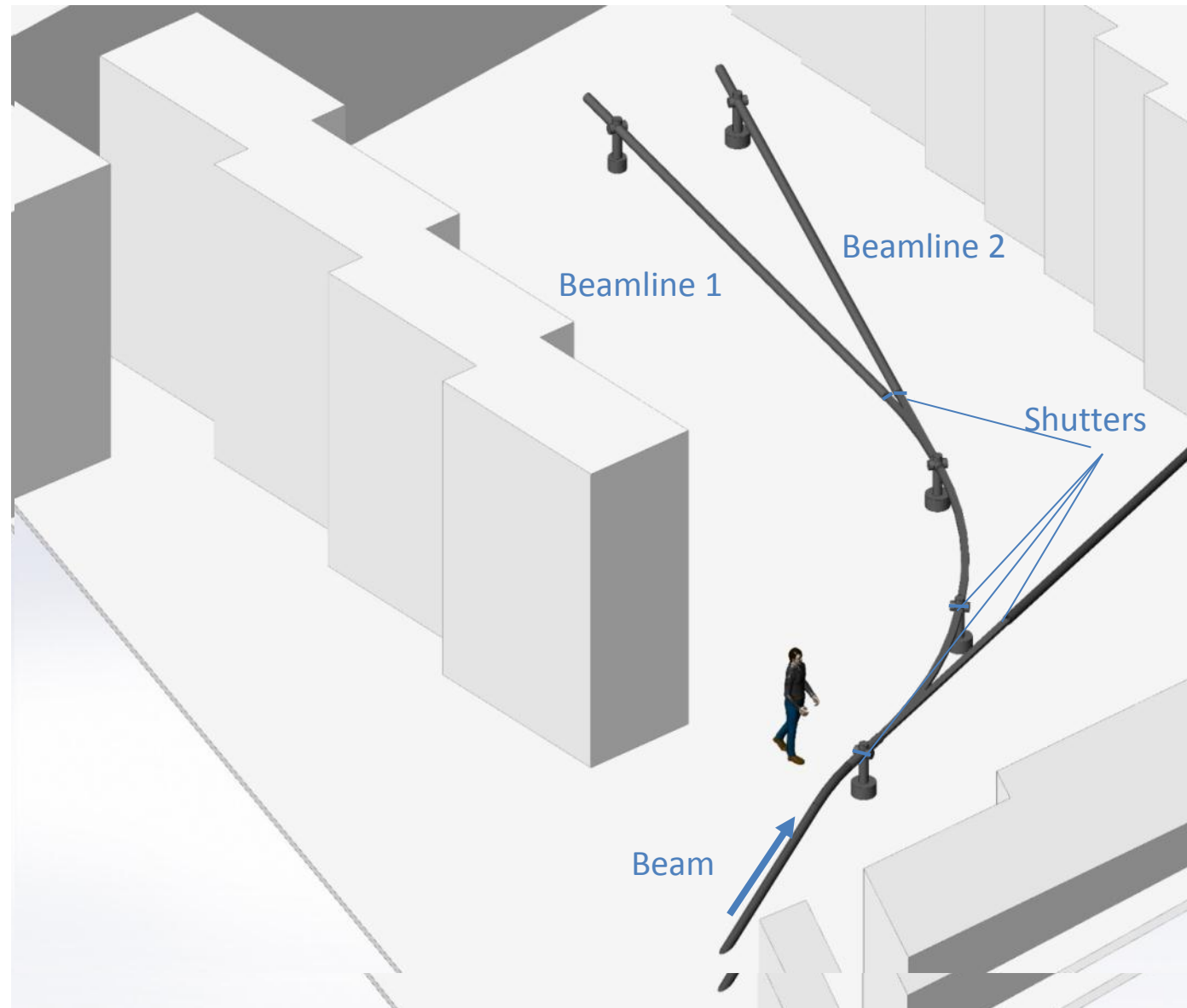
The first – the experimental setup at the gallery for the irradiation of electronics for space equipment's, materials and biological objects;

The second – the area for research applied to carbon therapy, including the high-energy proton imaging of exposed region;

The third – the biophysics research on influence high energy (up to 10 GeV/u) protons and heavy ions on biological samples.

Beamline and vacuum system

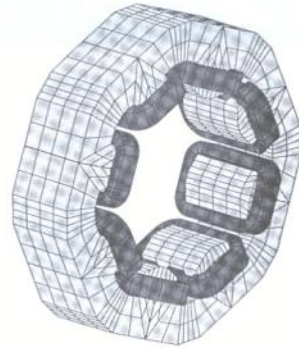
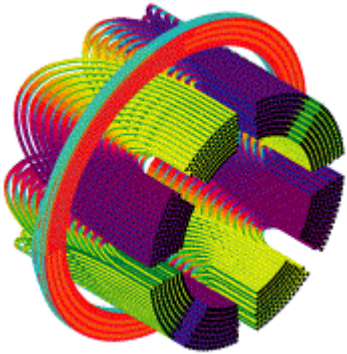
System Requirements:
Vacuum range:
 10^{-7} - 10^{-8} torr
Two independent
beamlines
Thin vacuum windows
for beam output



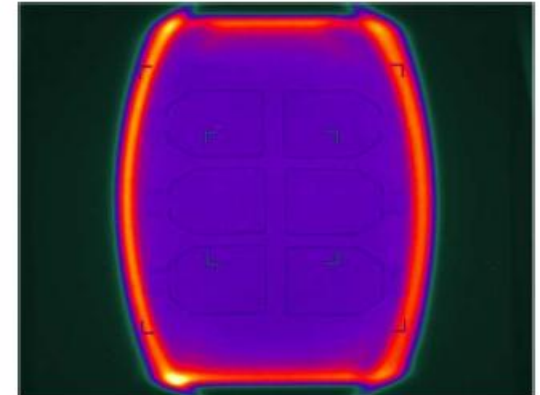
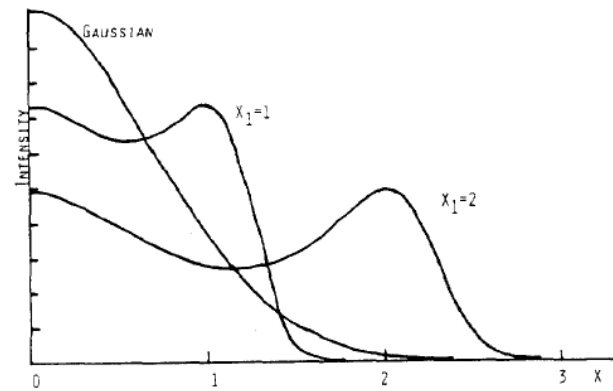
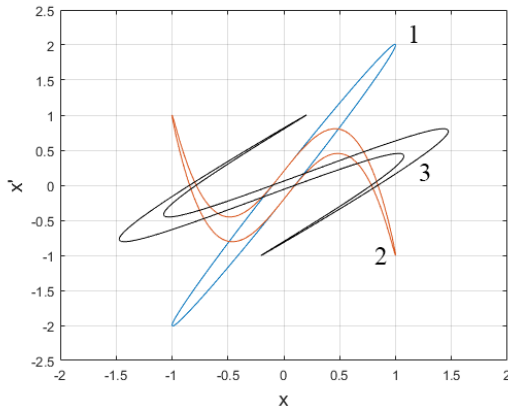
Beamline: Ion-optical system

Use of nonlinear optics

One of ways of formation of uniform distribution of density of a beam on a target is the method of application of nonlinear ion optics.



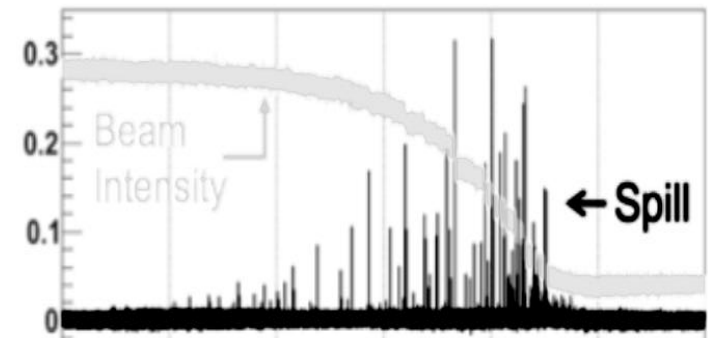
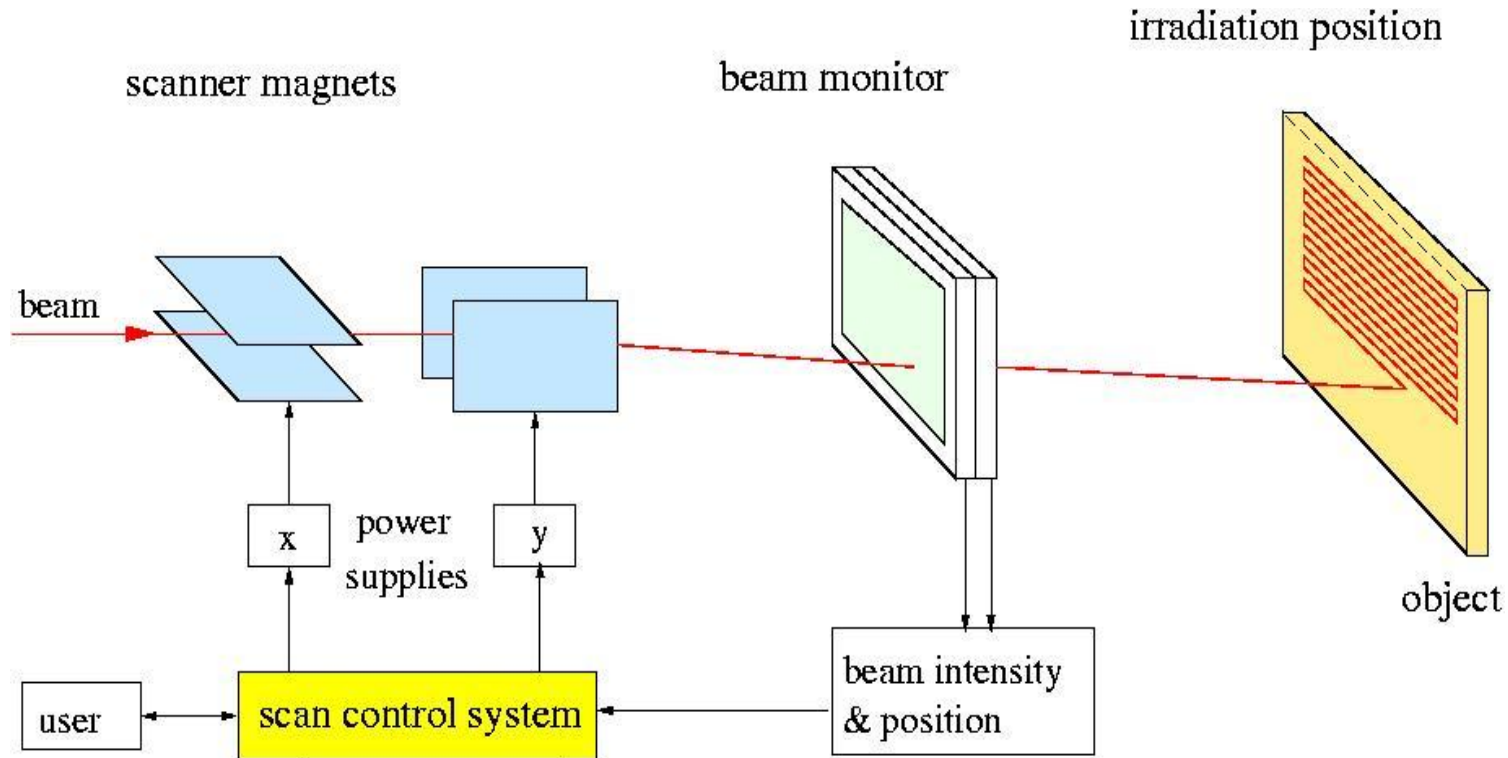
Several magnetic octupoles installed along an beamline allow to distort a phase volume of a beam in such a way that in the target plane distribution of density of a beam instead of normal Gaussian becomes similar on rectangular



Example of such system created by NASA Space Radiation Laboratory at BNL present.

Beamline: Ion-optical system

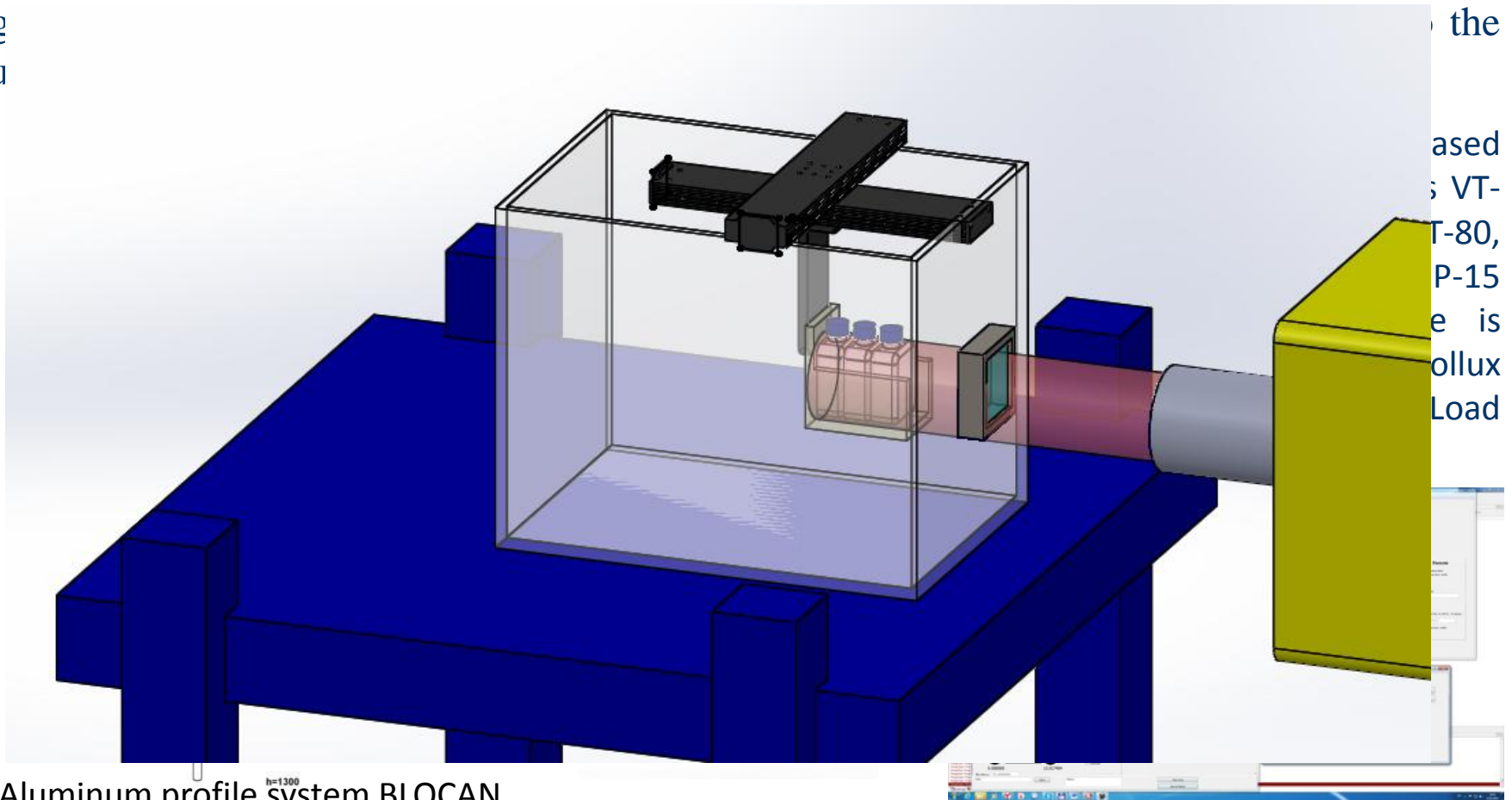
Scanning system



Target stations

The target area can include different beam-monitoring systems and different systems for manual or automatic sample positioning of the irradiation targets. The choice of the beam-monitoring system will depend on the particular experimental conditions like e.g. beam-shaping method (active scanning vs. passive scattering), ion species, energy and particle fluence. The choice of the target position system will depend on target size, target type, etc.

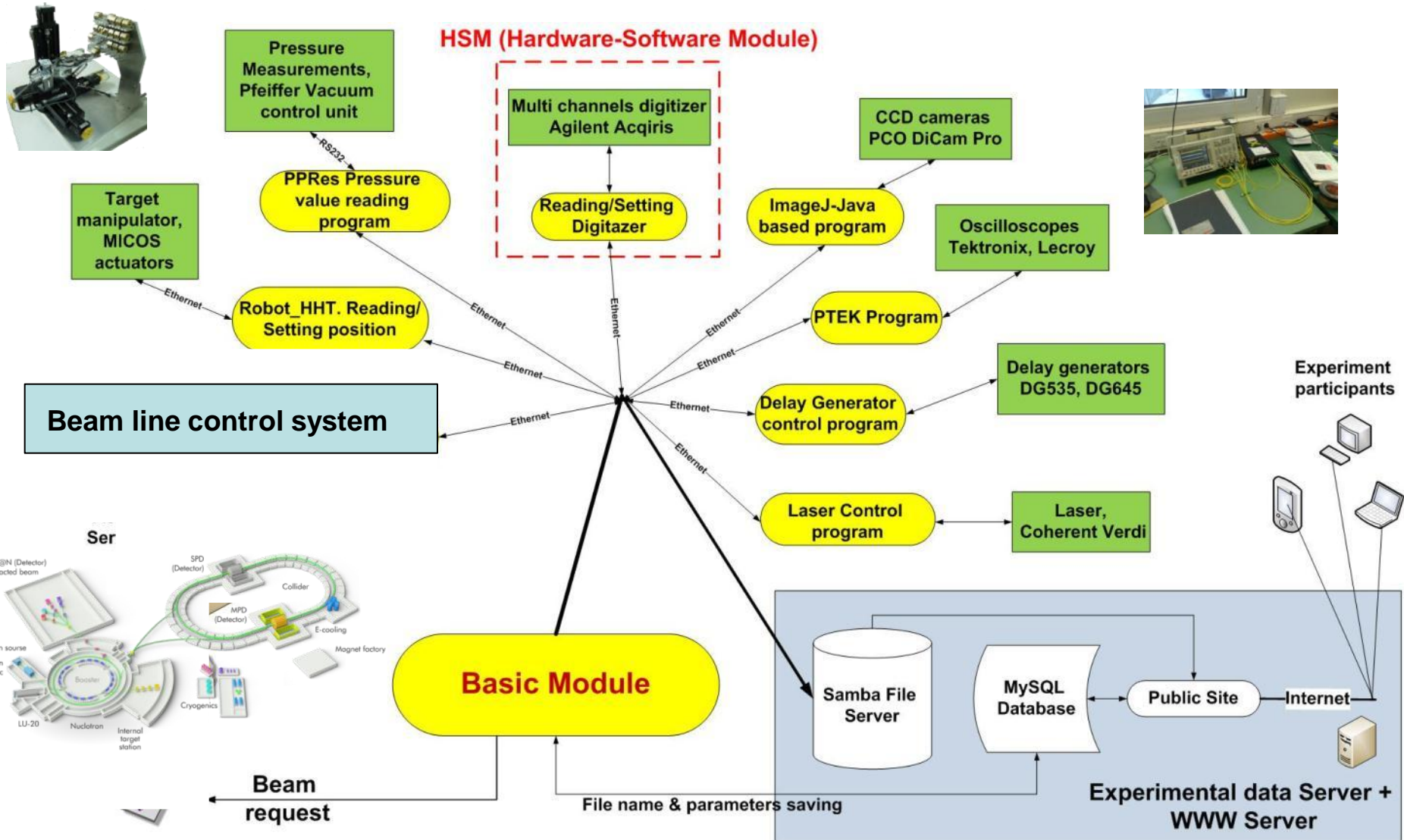
Targ
requ



Aluminum profile system BLOCAN
(<http://rk-russia.ru/>)

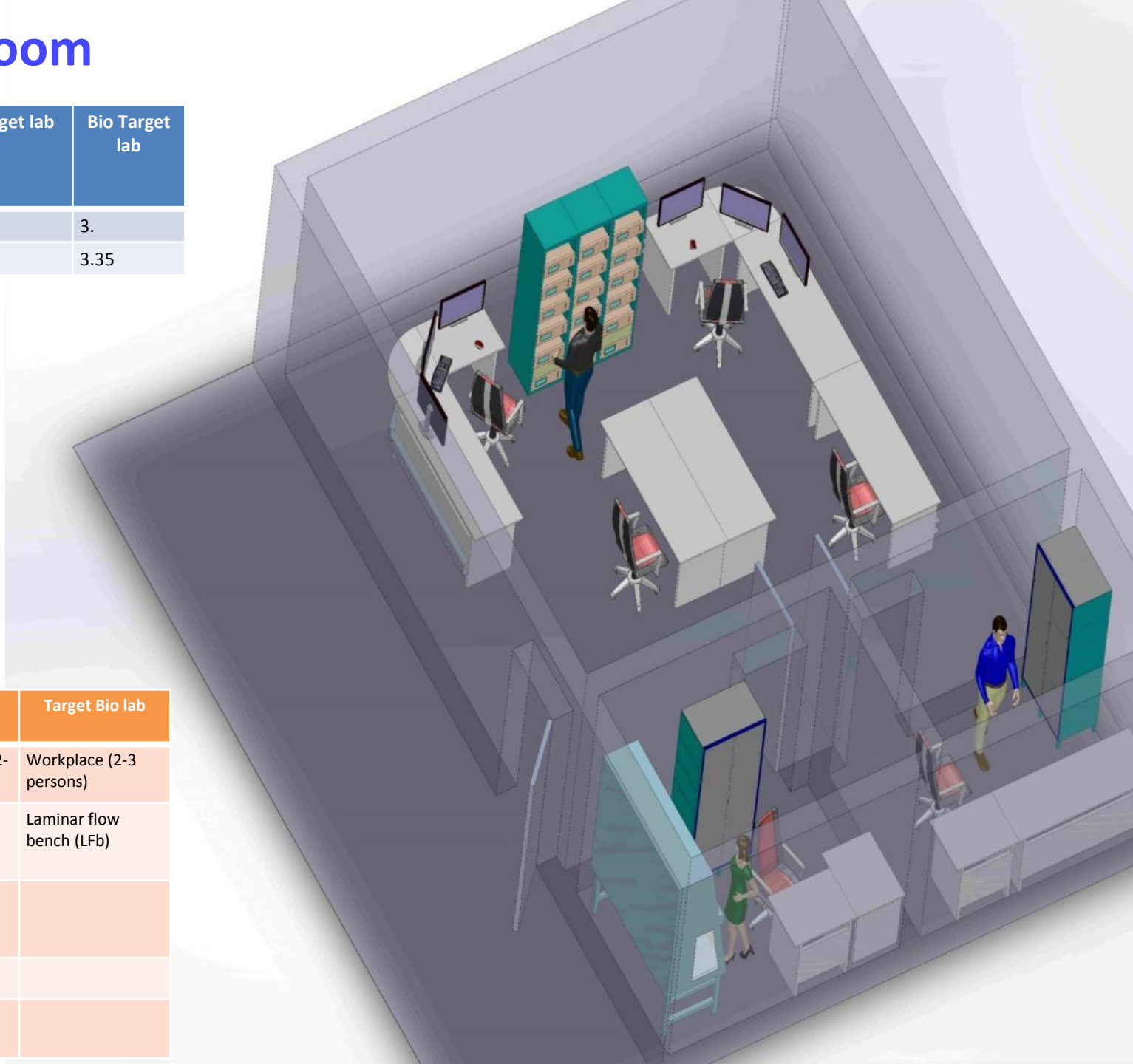
Software (Delphi XE2)

Data acquisition and control system



Control room

Inside dimensions (m)	Control room (main room)	Target lab	Bio Target lab
Length	7.0	3.1	3.
Width	7.7	3.35	3.35



Control room (main room)	Target lab	Target Bio lab
Beam extraction control system (3)	Workplace (2-3 persons)	Workplace (2-3 persons)
Control system for target positioning and diagnostics (1)		Laminar flow bench (LFB)
Control system for target positioning and diagnostics (2)		
Electric raceway (4)		
Workplaces (app. 12 persons)		

In order to define the **design parameters** of the beamlines and **user requirements for the infrastructure** around them, a wide range of invited talks were presented in the following fields:

- Biophysics, radiobiology and particle therapy
- Radiation testing of microelectronics for space applications
- Modeling of the cosmic ray composition
- Material studies with ion beams (radiation hardness, ion-matter interactions, ion-track nanotechnology, etc.)
- Development of accelerator driven reactors and radioactive waste transmutation
- **ect.** <http://indico.jinr.ru/conferenceOtherViews.py?view=standard&confId=122>



Prof. Marco DURANTE
(TIFPA-INFN, Italy)



Prof. Alexander GOLUBEV
(FSBI "SSC RF ITEP" of NRC
"Kurchatov Institute", Russia)



Prof. Christina TRAUTMANN
(GSI and FAIR, Germany)



Dr. Daniel SEVERIN
(GSI and FAIR, Germany)



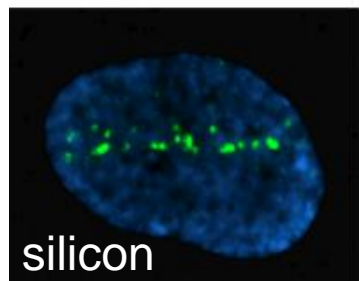
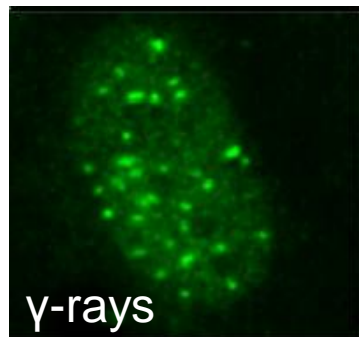
Prof. Mikhail PANASYUK
(SINP, MSU, Russia)



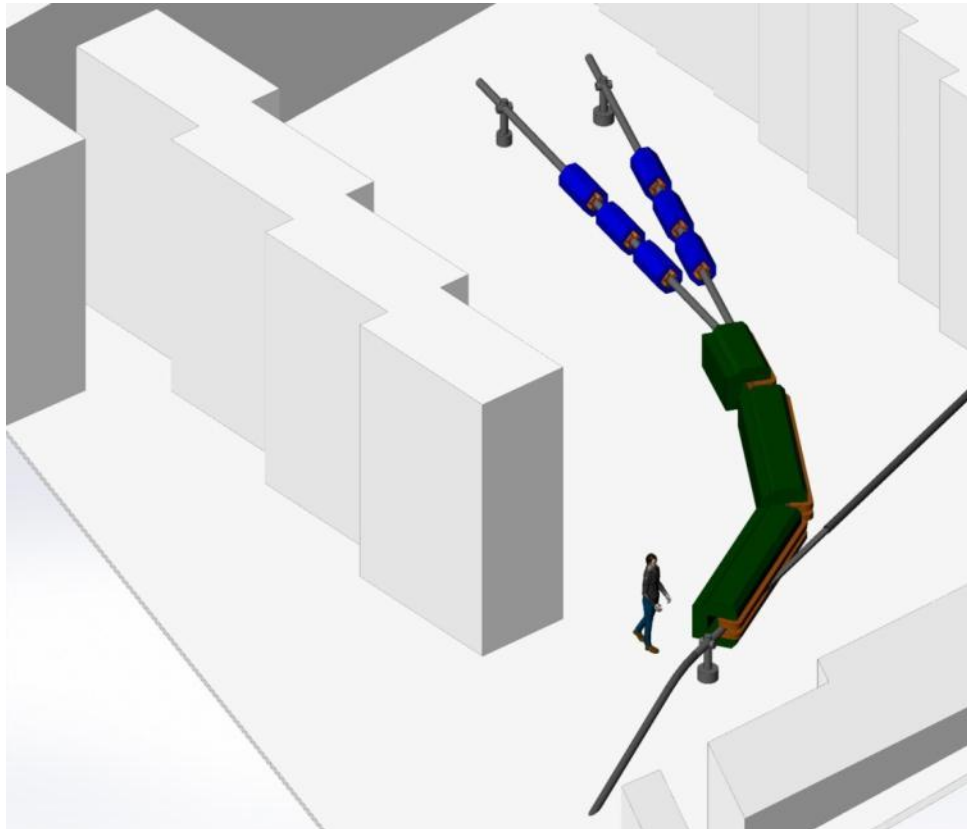
Biophysics

Investigating effects of charged particle exposure in various biological objects

Studies with cells and tissues



Beamlines' infrastructure should enable experiments with a wide range of biological objects



Physiological studies with laboratory animals



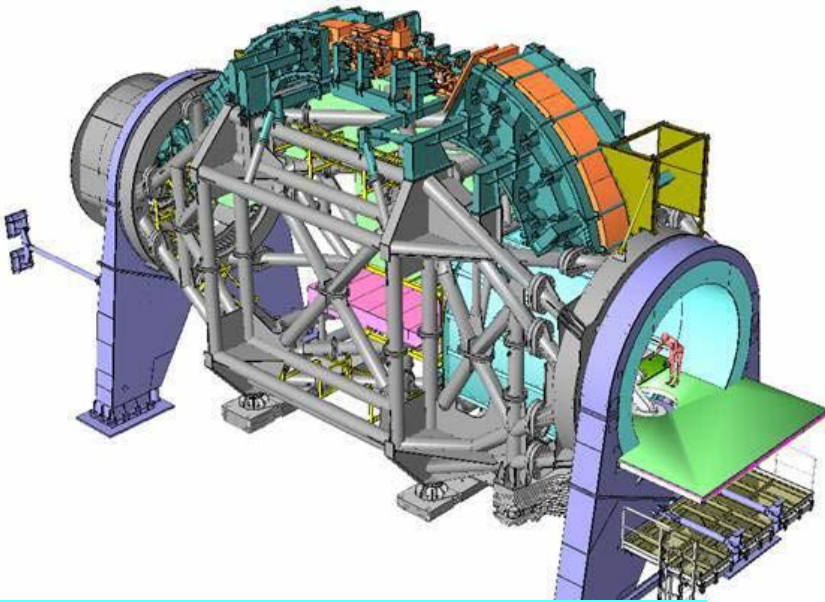
← Markers of DNA double-strand breaks (γ H2AX) in cells
[Cucinotta and Durante, *Lancet Oncol.* 2006]

Particle therapy

Prototype of a carbon nuclei beam at Nuclotron

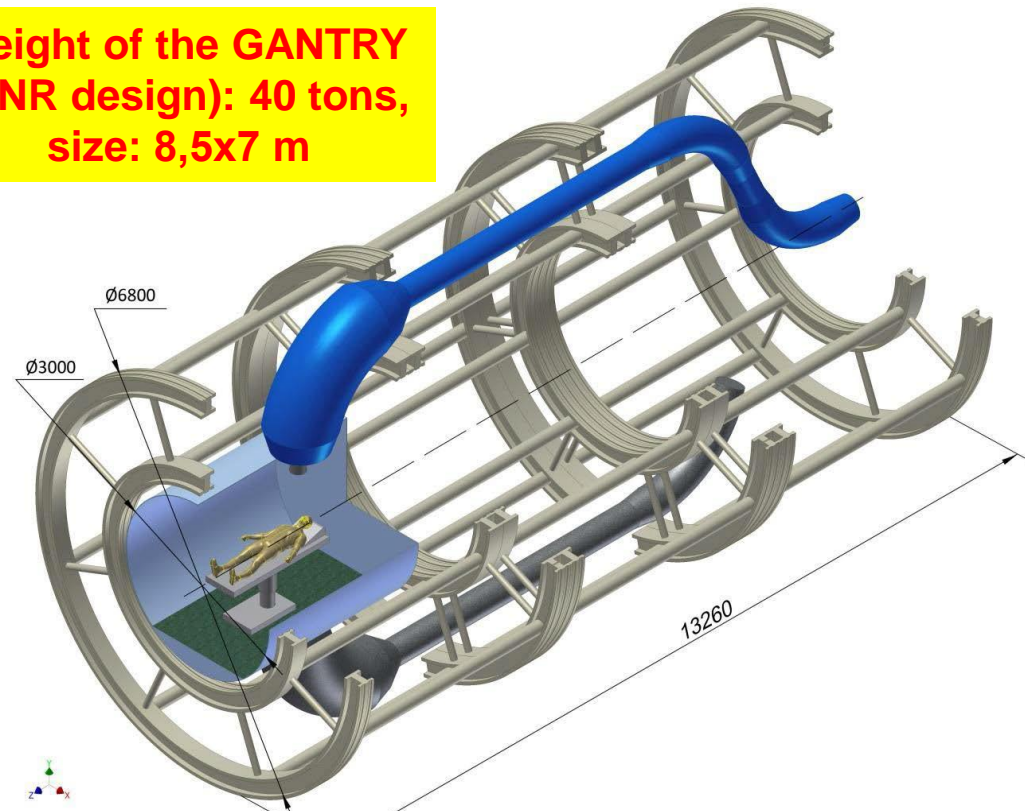
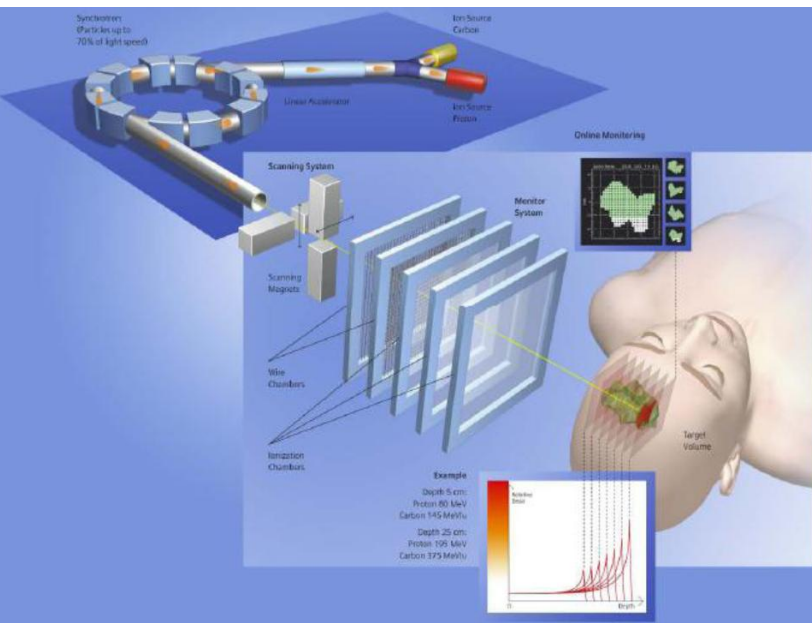
Energy-saving, for proton and carbon ions
(Energy from 200 to 600 MeV/u) – synchrotrons
for beam therapy

Systems of carbon-beam GANTRY and beam
transportation channels



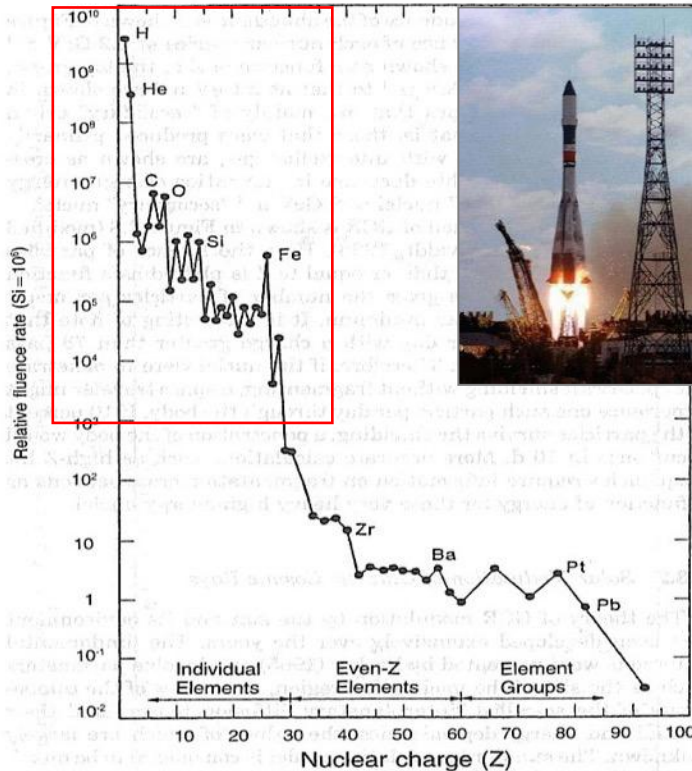
Weight of HIT GANTRY - 600 tons,
size: 19 x 12 meters

Weight of the GANTRY
(JINR design): 40 tons,
size: 8,5x7 m



Radiation damage to electronics: Research at Nuclotron

Relativistic heavy ion beams at **Nuclotron** are unique instrument for test of microelectronics for space program



THE NINA DETECTOR

THE MARXA-2 DETECTOR

THE LAUNCH OF CAPRICE98 BALLOON-BASED INSTRUMENT

THE TESOR-PROGRESS SPACE ROCKET

THE STRONGER, ADVANCED ONBOARD, MIR WIZARD-RIM, SiEye-1, ROULETTEON AS A HELMET.

The PAMELA experiment represents the most important step of the extensive research program of the international collaboration WIZARD-RIM, dedicated to the study of the nuclear and isotopic components of cosmic rays and to antimatter detection in space.

As part of this research program, several balloon-based experiments (MASS89, MASS91, TS93, CAPRICE98, CAPRICE98), three experiments onboard the space station MIR (MARXA-2, SiEye-1 and SiEye-2), and two satellite missions (NINA and NINA-2) have already been performed between 1989 and 2000.

the activity of the WIZARD-RIM collaboration

mission details

PAMELA, installed onboard the Russian Resurs-DK1 spacecraft, will be placed into orbit by a Soyuz rocket.

The launch will take place from the cosmodrome of Baikonur, in Kazakhstan, at the end of 2002 - beginning of 2003.

The **Resurs-DK1** characteristics are:

- Mass: 10 tons
- Orbit: elliptic
- Altitude: 300 - 600 km
- Inclination: 70.4°
- Lifetime: > 3 years

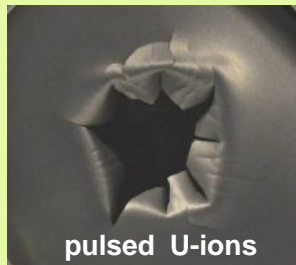
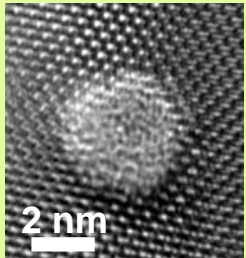
PAMELA on board has characteristics:

- Global Dimensions: 75 x 75 x 120 cm³
- Mass: 470 kg
- Power Budget: 360 W

Wide range of materials research with ion beams

Radiation effects

- track formation
- beam-induced changes
- radiation hardness
- desorption processes
- sputtering



Requirements

important

Irradiations

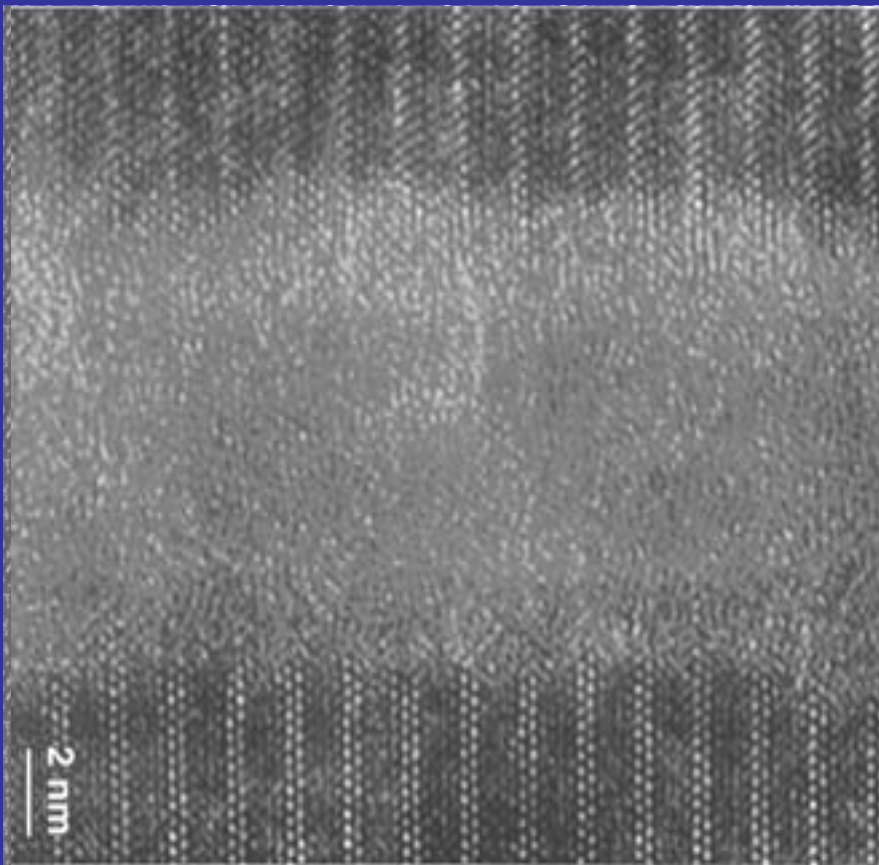
- different ion species
- different energies
- different conditions

Characterization

- microscopy
- spectroscopy
- in-situ / on-line

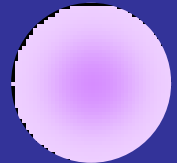
Formation of ion tracks

high-T_c superconductor



ion projectile of 1 GeV

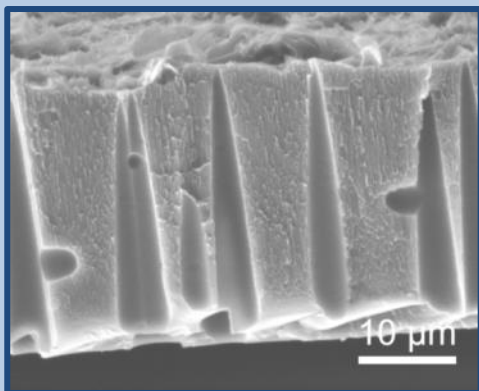
10% velocity of light



track length ~100 μm

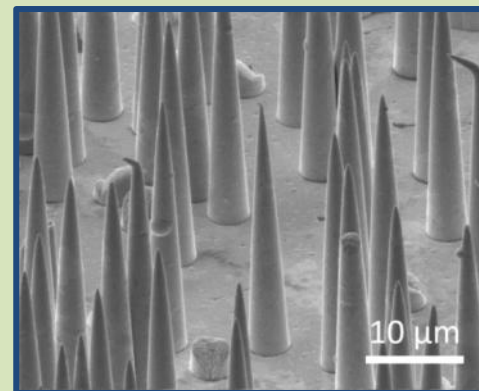
Ion-track nanotechnology

Nanochannels

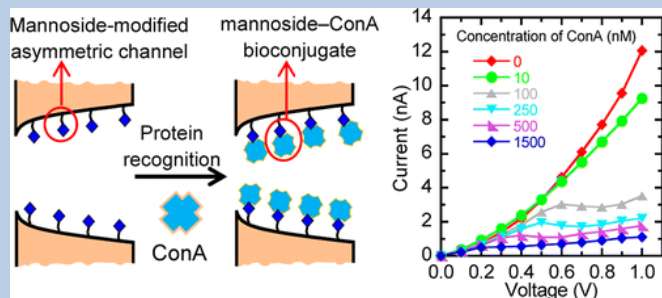


Electrodeposition

Nanowires

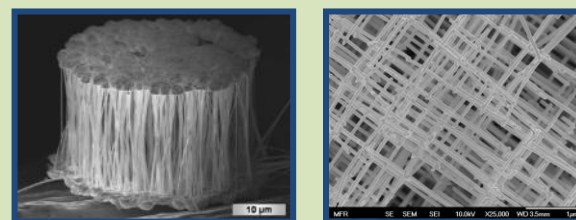


Biomolecular recognition and gating of synthetic ion channels



Ali, Nasir, Ramirez, Cervera, Mafe et al *J. Phys. Chem. C*, **2013**, *117* (35), 18234

Applications as membranes, filters, model systems for biochannels, chemical- and bio-sensors, templates



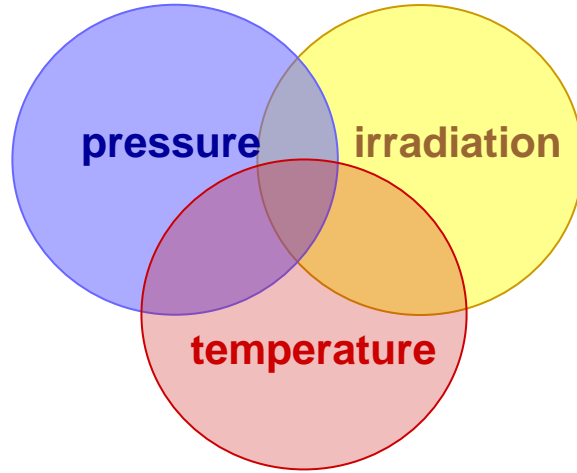
Metals: Au, Ag, Pt, Co, Ni, Cu...

Semimetals: Bi, Sb

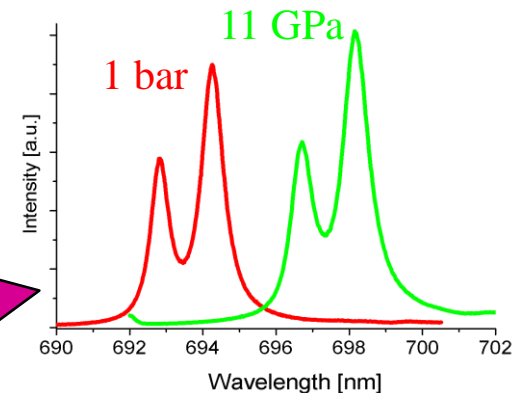
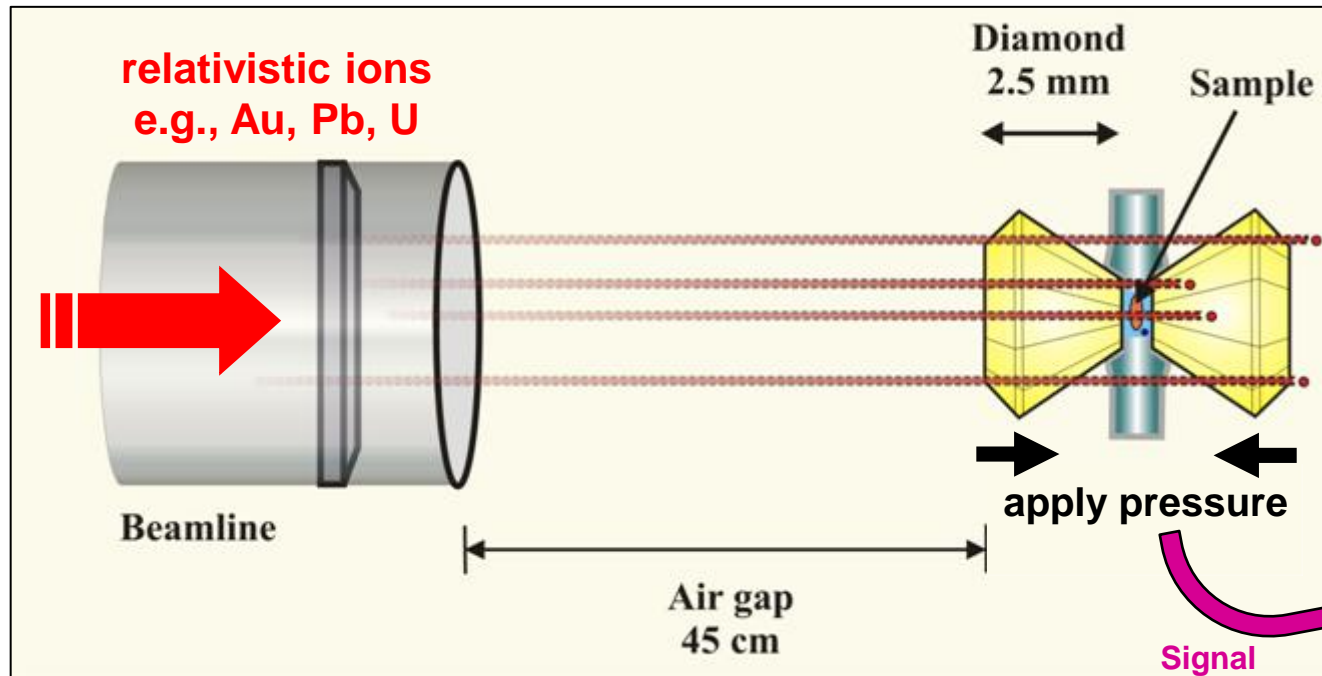
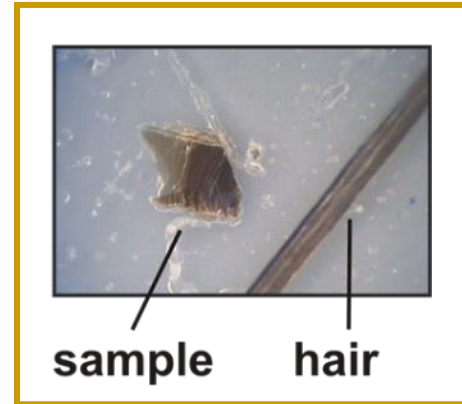
Semiconductors: Bi₂Te₃, Cu₂O, ZnO

Applications in field emission, electronics, plasmonics, sensorics, thermoelectrics, water splitting...

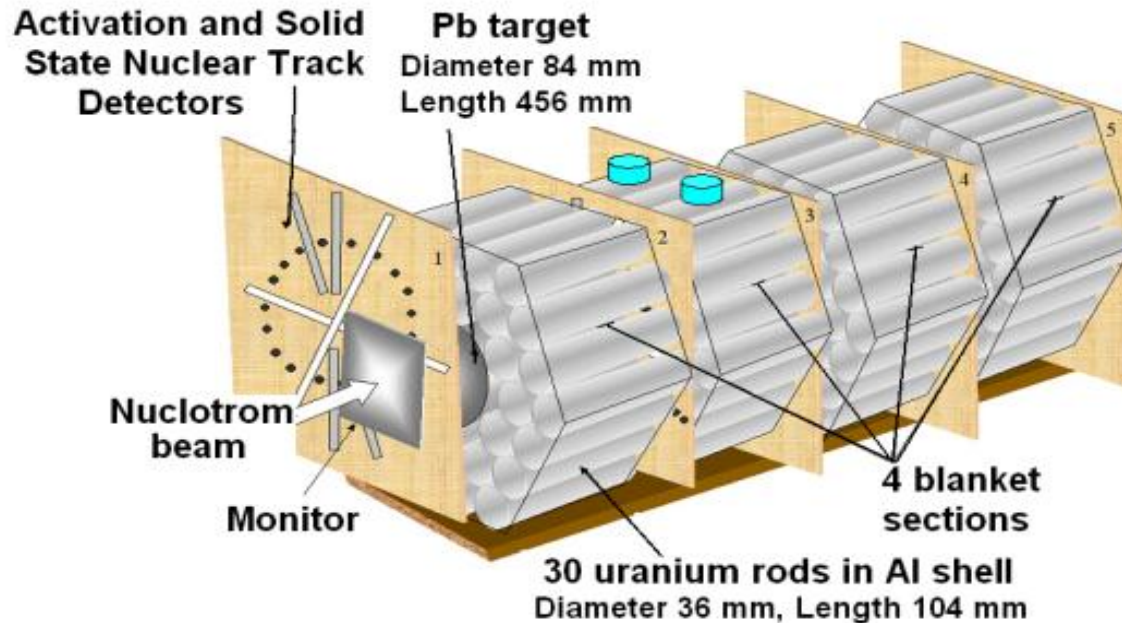
Materials under multiple extreme conditions



Exposure:
simultaneously
or sequential



Study of irradiation of sub-critical uranium assembly + lead target. International collaboration “Energy+Transmutation” at Nuclotron



Getting new basic nuclear-physics data with relativistic proton, deuteron and light ion beams **(1 - 4.5 GeV/u)** for modeling and design of the active core of the prototype for close-to-industrial setup of the radioactive waste processing

Workshop Round Table

- The results of the Workshop indicate that heavy ion beams to be available at the NICA complex are **in high demand both for JINR and for international user community** as a whole.
- Considering that NICA will serve as the basis for a variety of fundamental and applied research, the Workshop participants expressed intents **to set up scientific collaboration with JINR** for the purpose of formulating the **programme of applied research** at this facility and its further implementation.



Draft programme of applied research at NICA

- Development and construction of the beamlines and experimental setups for applied research at NICA.
- Radiobiological investigations with ions at the particle energy range of 250–800 MeV/u.
- Modeling the cosmic ray irradiation of space shuttle crews in long-term flights.
- Irradiation of electronics hardware with NICA ion beams and modeling of cosmic ray irradiation of electronic components.
- Radiation hardness of materials at the interaction with NICA ion beams.
- Development of diagnostic technique and instrumentation that is applied for irradiated materials and biological objects.

Conclusion

- ✓ Development of facilities for biophysics and materials science research at NICA is at the phase of beginning, and therefore, any suggestion and comments are welcomed.
- ✓ Establishing the close cooperation with international scientific community is essential for defining the user requirements for irradiation setups going to be constructed.
- ✓ Development of applied research at NICA contributes to visibility and promotion of this mega-science project.
- ✓ Concentration of applied research around flagship projects like NICA increases the quality and impact of these studies.

Thank you for your attention